

Conical Refraction in Biaxial Crystals

Abstract



When circularly polarized light propagates through a biaxial crystal along one of its optic axes, the transmitted field evolves into a cone, a phenomenon which is known as conical refraction. Several applications have been developed based on this effect, such as Bessel beam generation and optical tweezers. With the fast-physical-optics simulation technology in VirtualLab Fusion, conical refraction from a KGd crystal is demonstrated.

Modeling Task



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System Building Blocks – Source

Polarization Mod	e Selection	Selection Sampling Ray Selection		election	
Basic Parameters Spectral Parameters		eters	Spatial Par	ameters	
Generate Cross Section	n				
	Hermite Gaussian Mode 🗸 🗸				
Order		0		0	
M^2 Parameter		1		1	
Reference Wavelength (V	acuum)		632 nm	~	
Select Achromatic Param	eter:				
Waist Radius (1/e^2)		800 µm x		800 µm	
O Half-Angle Divergenc (1/e^2)	e 0.014403	89568 <u>5</u> °	0.0144039568 <u>5</u> °		
Rayleigh Length	3.18222	4379 <u>m</u>	3.1822	24379 m	
Astigmatism					
Offset between y- and x-l	Plane			0 mm	
Copy from Calculator	Copy to x-	and y-Valu	es		



A linearly polarized Gaussian field, with a wavelength of 632 nm, is employed as the input. It first passes through a quarter-wave plate, which converts the linear polarization to circular. This effect is included in the source model directly.



System Building Blocks – Biaxial KGd Crystal



Parameters follow from C. F. Phelan et al., Opt. Express 17, 12891-12899 (2009)

Simulation Results



Summary – Components...



of Optical System	in VirtualLab Fusion	Source Model/Component Solver
1. Source	Gaussian Source	
2. Lens	Ideal Lens	
3. KGd Crystal	Crystal Plate	Layer Matrix [S-Matrix]
4. Detector	Camera Detector	-

Workflow in VirtualLab Fusion

- Set up input field
 - Basic Source Models [Tutorial Video]
- Construct real components using surfaces
- Set up Biaxial Crystal
 - Optically Anisotropic Media in VirtualLab Fusion [Use Case]
- Define position and orientation of components
 - LPD II: Position and Orientation [Tutorial Video]

vermicion or busin r osh	ion and Orientation	\times
Definition Type	Relative Definition $\qquad \qquad \lor$	
Measurement from	Beam splitter (ideal) #1; CS of Channel '1'	
to	Input Channel Coordinate System 🗸 🧴	
Translation Parameters	Orientation Parameters	
Center Point of Rotati	ons	
Reference Point to be Used as Center Point	Reference Point of Input Channel	
Orientation Angles		
Orientation Definiti	on Type Cartesian Angles ~ (:::)	
Z-Axis D	irection Definition	
	Angle / Axis Value	
Alp	ha ~ -45°	
Swap Order ⊅ Bet	a v O°	
	Ahout 7-Avis	
Rotation	/ Boar 2 / Wa	
Rotation Z-A	kis Rotation Angle 0°	
Rotation Z-A:	xis Rotation Angle 0°	
Rotation Z-A:	xis Rotation Angle 0°	
Rotation Z-A:	xis Rotation Angle 0°	

VirtualLab Fusion Technologies



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