

UseCase.0008 (1.0)

### **Data Array Ribbons**

# **Keywords:** data array, document specific ribbon, view, manipulation, detector

## **Description**

- This use case explains the three document specific ribbons for data arrays (i.e. View, Manipulations, Detectors).
- Data arrays are of central concern within VirtualLab because they are the numerical object for stored data.
- An overview of the view options, manipulation tools and detectors for data arrays will be given.
- The document specific ribbons for 2D equidistant data arrays will be discussed.





- The view ribbon can be used to set up the view parameters for the visualization of the data array.
- It allows access to the specification of the field quantity to be shown, value scaling, selection tools, zoom and aspect ratio and copy functions.

# **View Ribbon – Field Quantity**



- If the active data array is complex-valued the user can specify the field quantity to be shown.
- The user can select
  - Real Part
  - Imaginary Part
  - Amplitude
  - Phase
  - Squared Amplitude
- For real-valued data arrays this view setting is not available.

# **View Ribbon – Value Scaling**



- The user can also specify the value scaling parameters for the view.
- The following parameters are available
  - 2D or 3D visualization
  - Use Interpolated Values
  - Color Lookup Table to Visualize
  - Automatic Scaling / User defined Scaling (can be triggered selection based)
  - Show/Hide Legend

## **View Ribbon – Selection**



- VirtualLab allows the usage of several selection tools.
- The following selection tools are available:
  - Point Marker (0D)
  - Line Marker (1D)
  - Rectangle or Ellipse Marker (2D)
- The user can specify the active selection tool and per tool whether it is visible.
- A separate ribbon entry "Selection Tools" provide further helpful option for special selections.

## View Ribbon – Zoom & Aspect Ratio



- To investigate details of the data array, VirtualLab offers the zoom tools. (The mouse wheel enables quick zooming functionality.)
- The user can trigger to
  - Zoom In
  - Zoom Out
  - Show All
  - Zoom Into Selection (if selection is visible)
- The user can also specify the aspect ratio (true to scale or free).

# **View Ribbon – Copy**



- The current visualization of a data array can be copied to clipboard.
- VirtualLab also synchronizes the view setting of the active data array with another open data array.
- This tool is very helpful for comparison purpose and for the generation of presentation material.

## **Manipulation Ribbon**



- The manipulation ribbon offers access to several items to modify the active data array.
- These operations are typically mathematically motivated.
- In addition several conversion tools are available.
- VirtualLab also support to apply Fourier transformation to the active data array.

#### **Manipulation Ribbon – General**



- The general part of the manipulation ribbon gives access to tools for the mathematical manipulation of the active data array.
- The user can modify the data values as well as the coordinates defined in the data array.

Important tools for the manipulations are

- Modification of coordinate and interpolation settings
- Array Array operations (addition, multiplication, convolution ...)
- Operation with constant (addition, raise to power, ...)
- Scaling of values (normalization, clipping, ...)
- Phase modification (unwrapping, conjugation, ...)
- Lateral displacement (mirroring, rotating, transpose, ...)
- Array size modification (embedding, period replication, ...)
- Sampling manipulation (interpolation, oversampling, ...)
- Selection base manipulation (extraction of 1D and 2D selections, ...)
- Quantization (hard and soft quantization, ...)

# **Manipulation Ribbon – Conversion**



- In the section Conversion the user can trigger to convert the data array into other data formats.
- Currently the following conversions are supported
  - Bitmap sequence
  - Harmonic Field
  - 1D data array by decomposition
  - 1D data array by separation into x and y direction

# **Manipulation Ribbon – Fourier Transform**



- VirtualLab enables the user to perform numerical and physical Fourier transformations onto equidistant sampled data arrays.
- The user can select whether forward or backward transformation shall be applied.

#### **Detector Ribbon**



- To perform numerical evaluations on the active data array the detector tools on the Detector ribbon can be used.
- The detectors which are available for numerical data arrays are only numerically defined. Physical detectors are available for physical objects.

#### **Detector Ribbon – General**



- In the general section of the detector several numerical detectors are available.
- The user can select
  - Full width at half maximum
  - Position and value of minimum and maximum within the data array
  - Uniformity error of the numerical data array.

#### **General Ribbon – Selection Related Evaluations**



- For active selection tools specific evaluation tools are available.
- Currently here only the sum within selection is available.
- This tool is only active, if the rectangular/elliptical selection is visible for the active data array.



- The document specific ribbon of the data array
  - enables the user to modify view settings
  - and gives access to a variety of manipulation and evaluation tools.
- The general structure explained within this use case can be applied to a variety of different VirtualLab documents. (For example the view ribbon is typically available for every result window.)