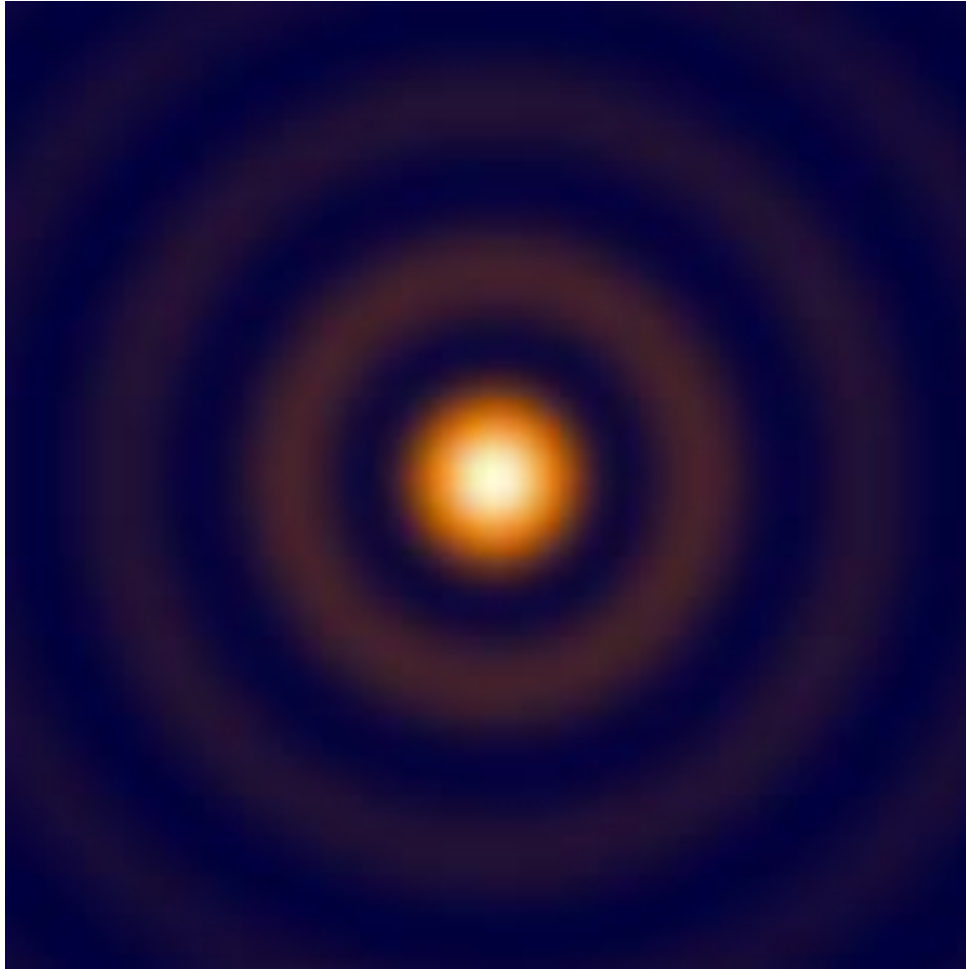


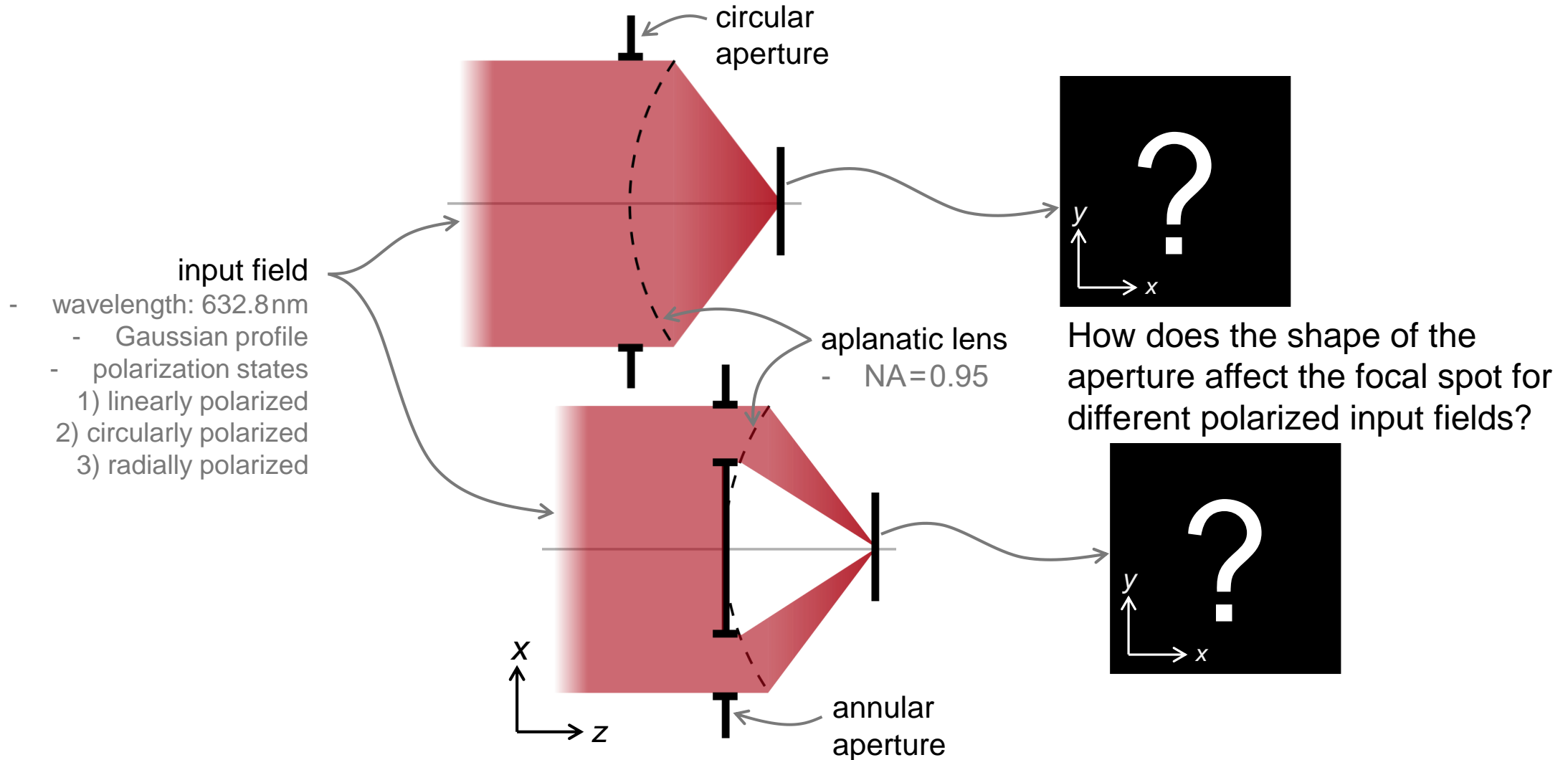
Tight Focusing of Various Polarized Beams by an Aplanatic Lens

Abstract

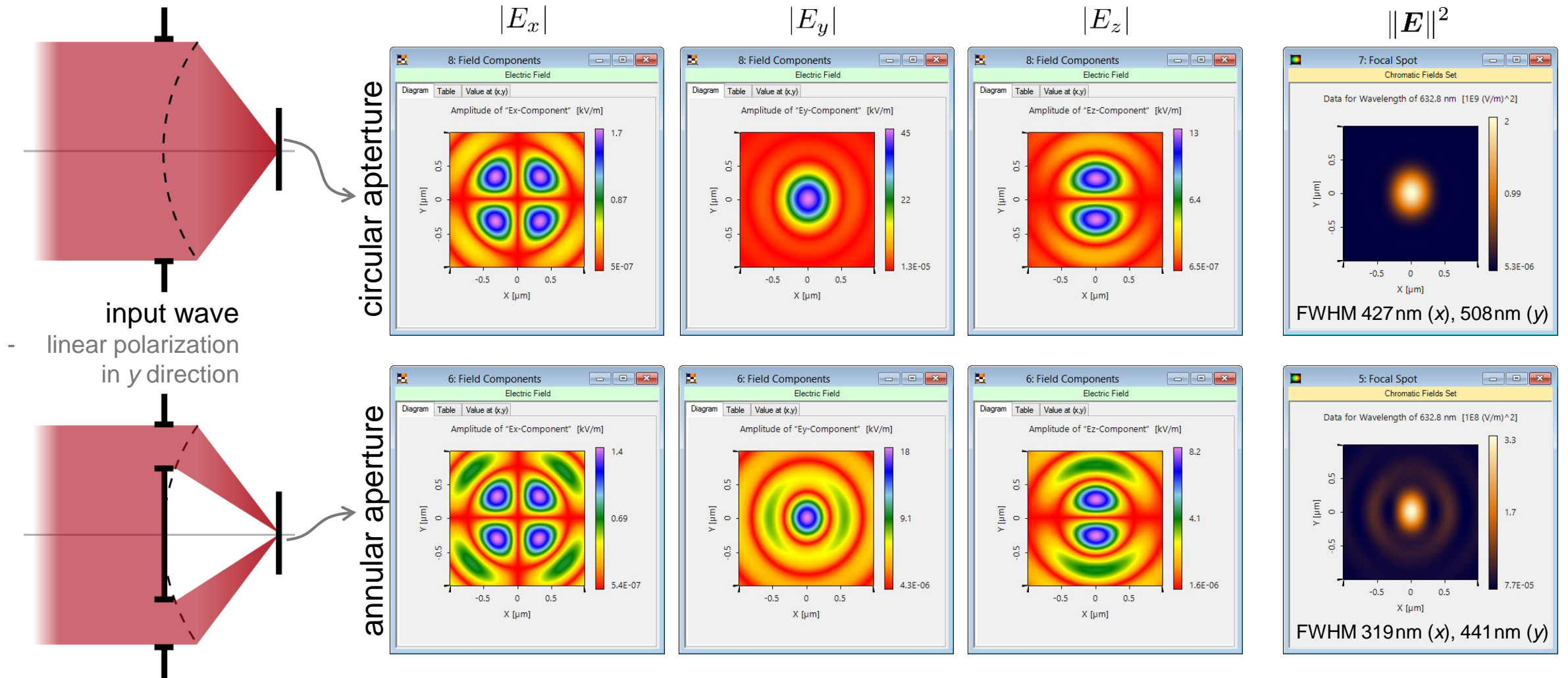


Knowing the vectorial electric field distribution near the focus of a high-NA objective lens is of great importance for applications e.g. microscopy, optical tweezer, laser machining, etc. The high-NA objective lens is often assumed as aplanatic lens. We demonstrate the focusing of variously polarized beams, e.g. linearly, circularly and radially polarized beams, by an aplanatic lens in VirtualLab Fusion. We investigate focal field with respect to different shapes of apertures, e.g. circular and annular.

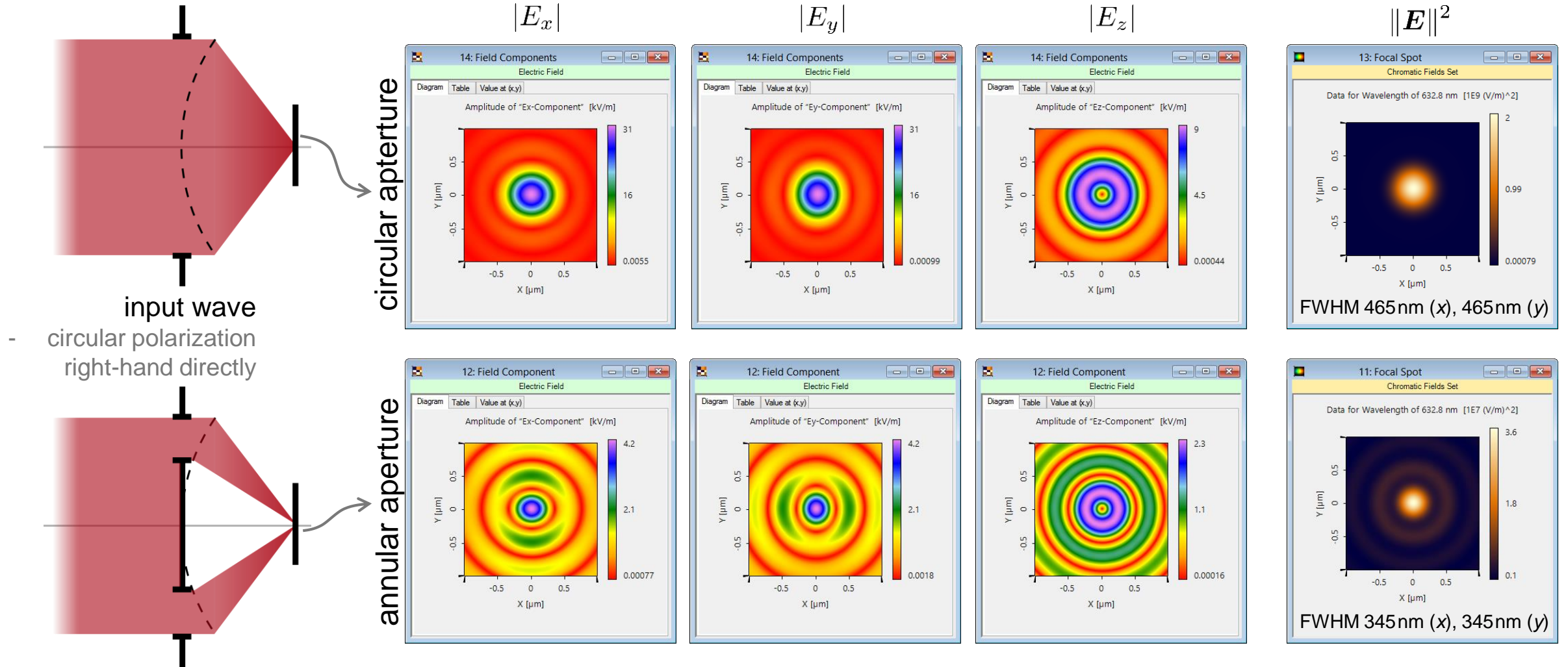
Modeling Task



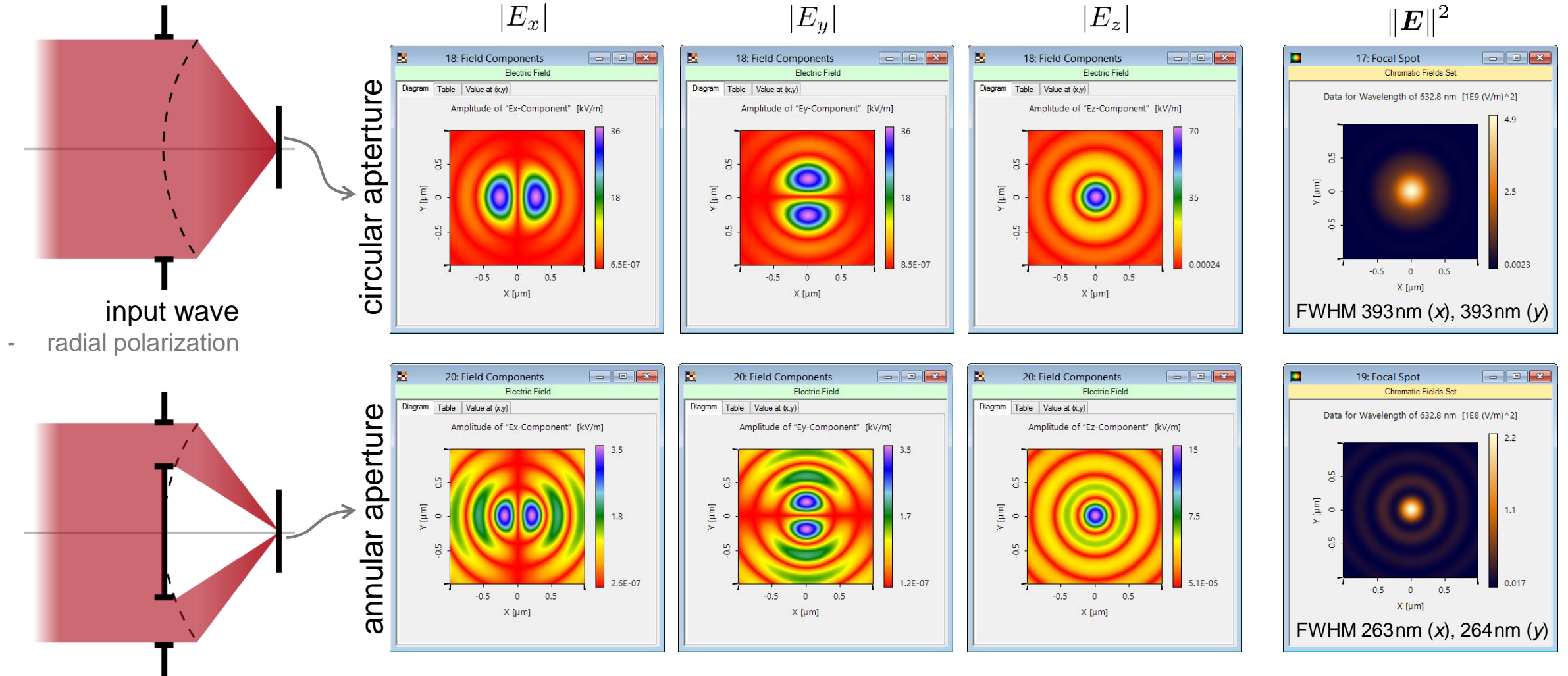
Circular vs. Annular Aperture: Linearly Polarized Input



Circular vs. Annular Aperture: Circularly Polarized Input

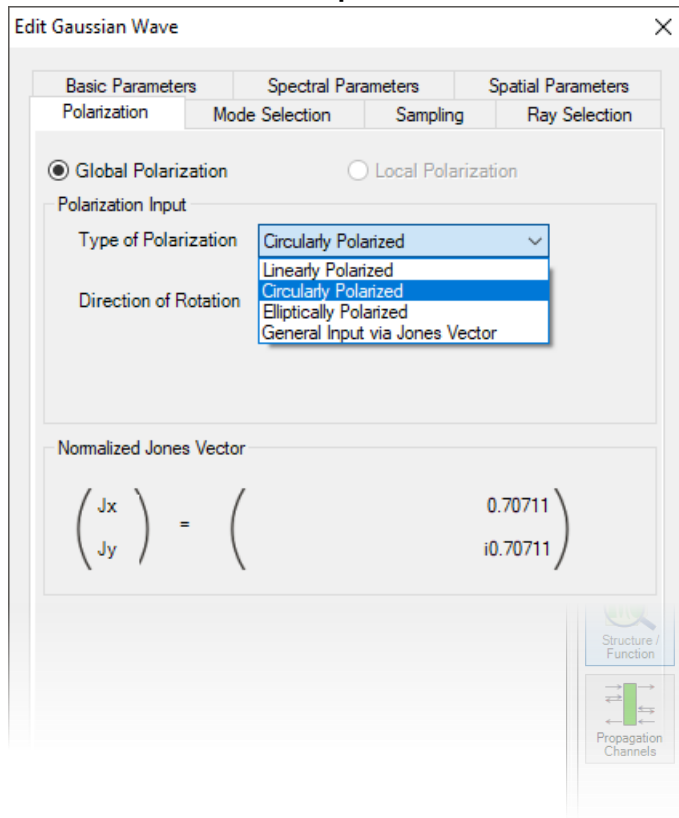


Circular vs. Annular Aperture: Radially Polarized Input

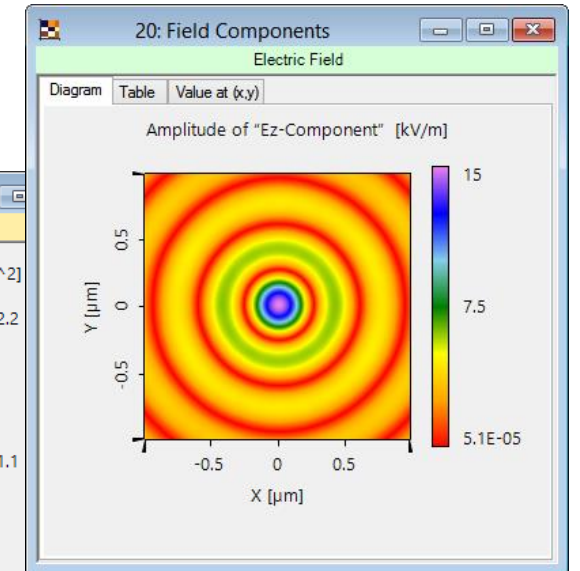
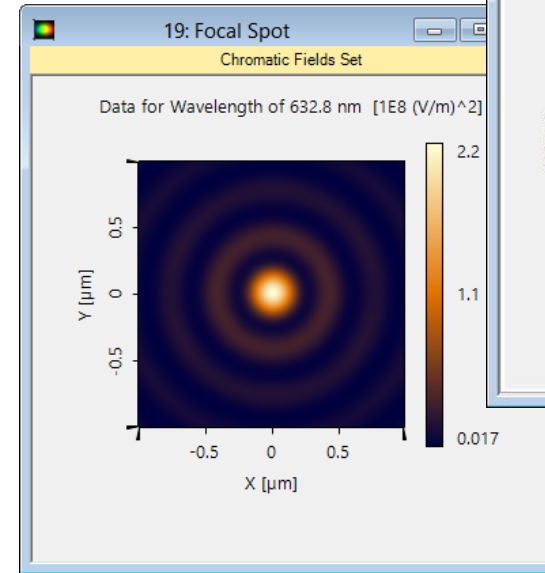
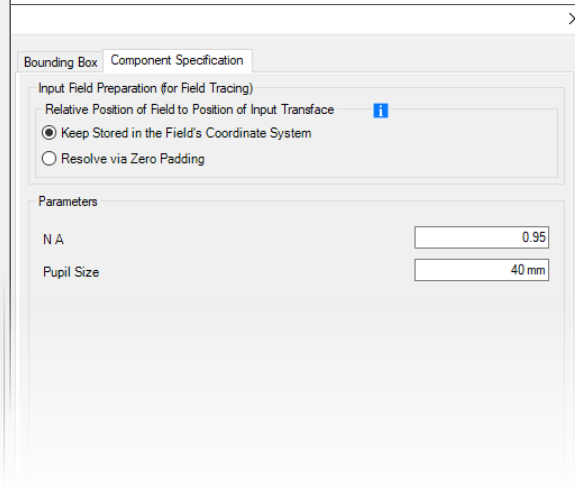


Peek into VirtualLab Fusion

convenient definition of different polarization states

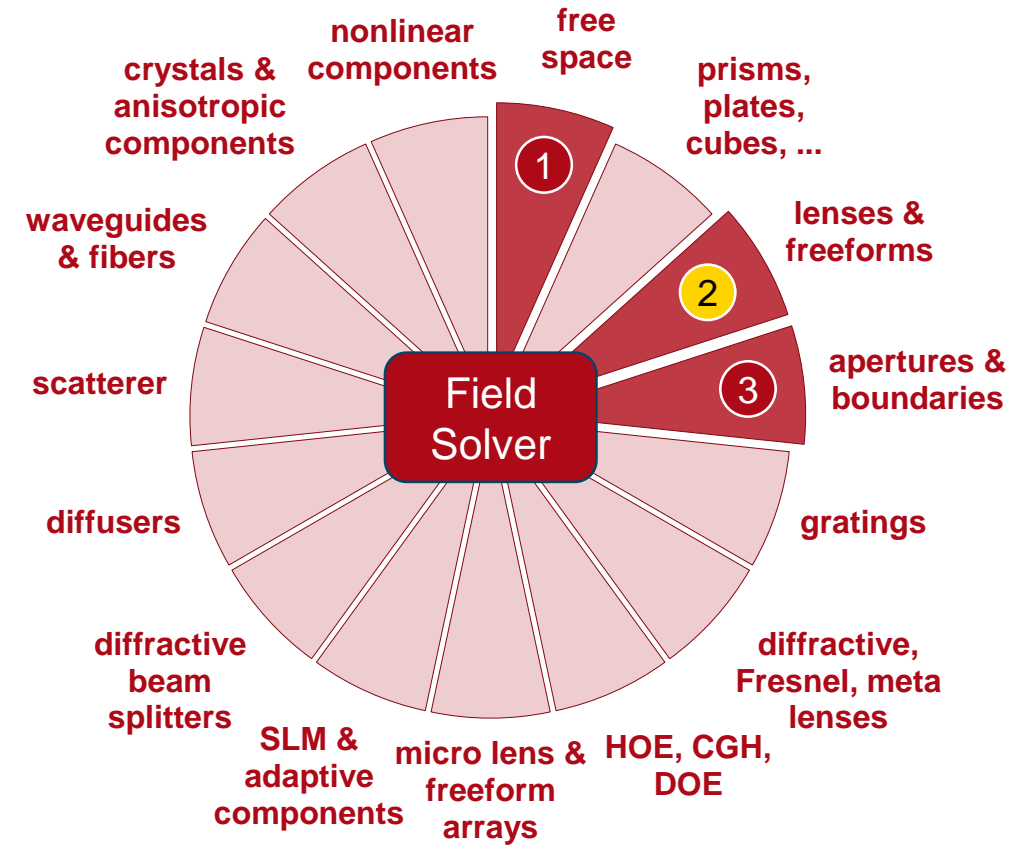
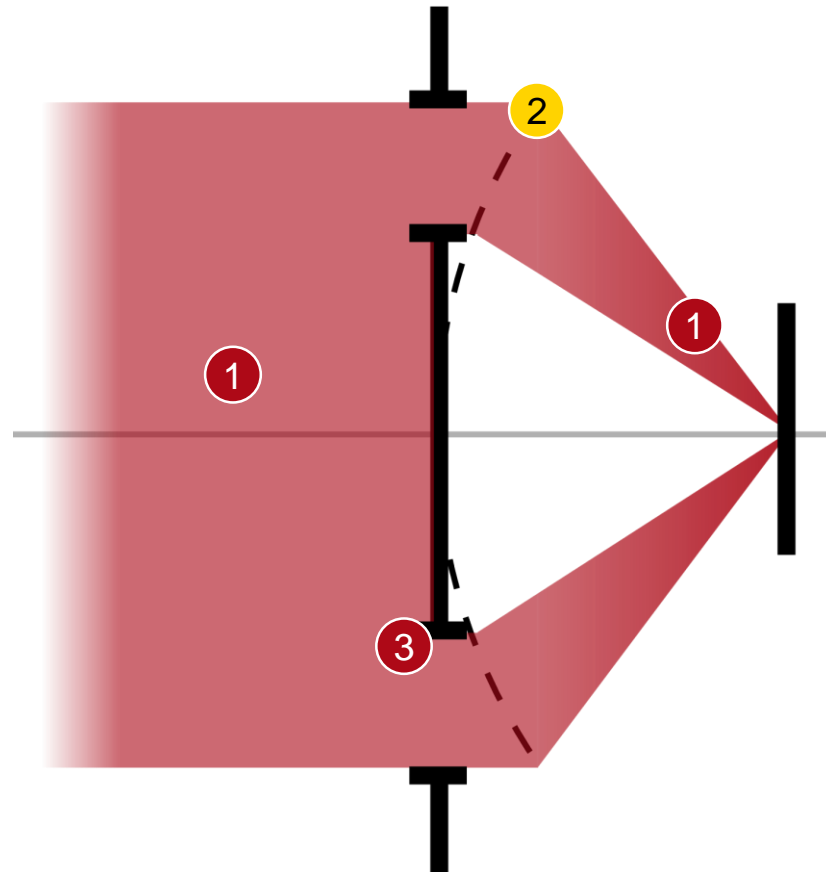


idealized model for aplanatic lens



access to all vectorial field quantities for result analysis

VirtualLab Fusion Technologies



idealized component

Document Information

title	Tight Focusing of Variously Polarized Beams by an Aplanatic Lens
document code	MIC.0005
version	1.0
toolbox(es)	Starter Toolbox
VL version used for simulations	VirtualLab Fusion Spring Release 2019
category	Application Use Case
further reading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Analyzing High-NA Objective Lens Focusing- Investigation of Idealized Vectorial Focusing Situation Using Debye-Wolf Integral