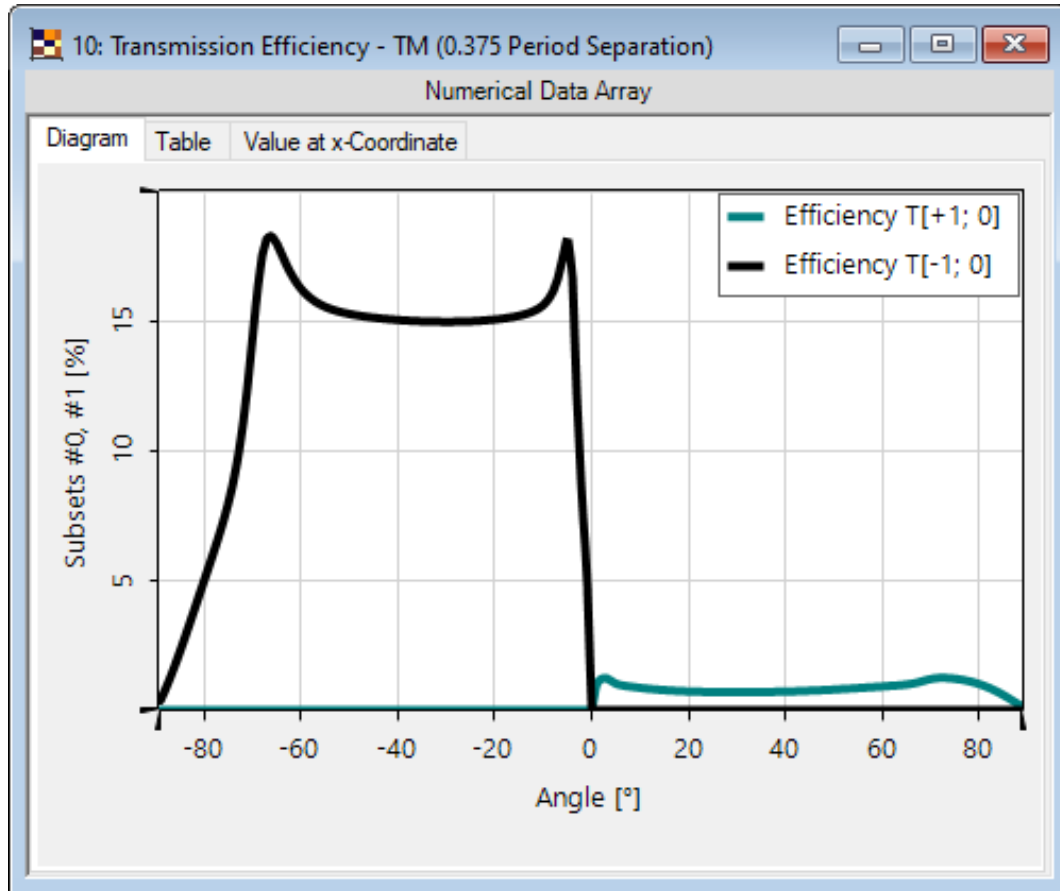


Diffraction Property of a Passive Parity-Time Grating

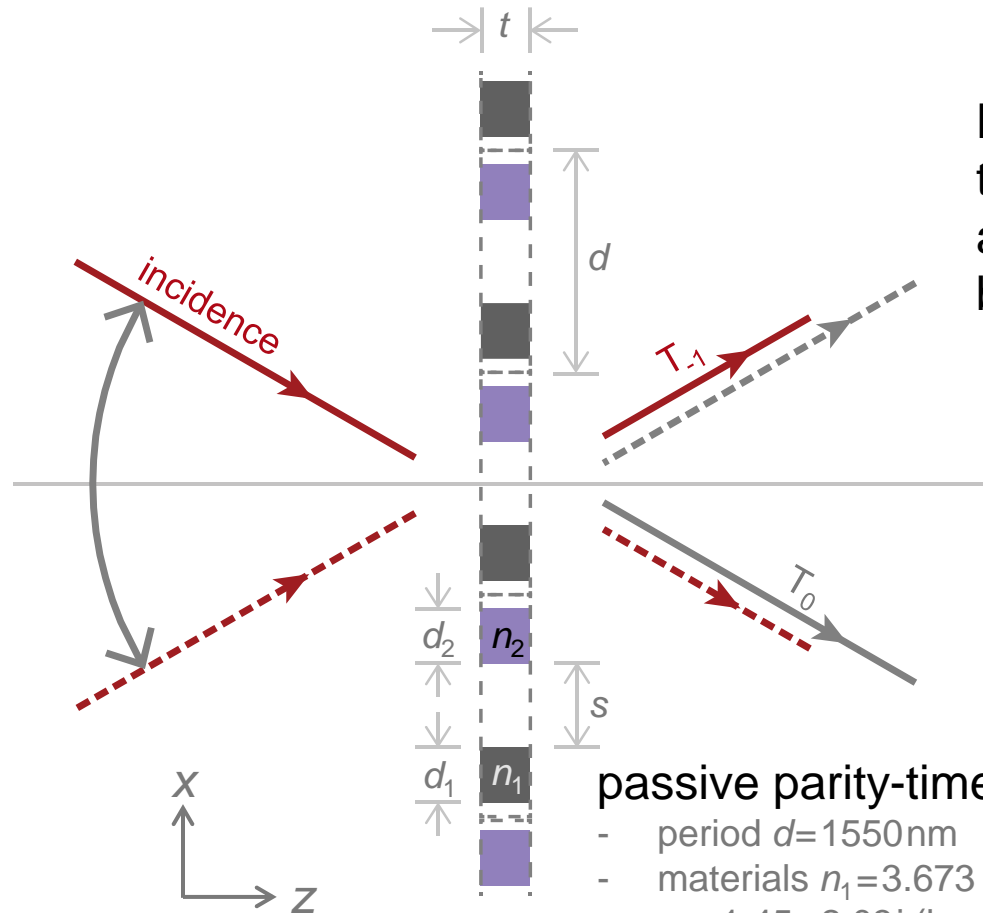
Abstract



Certain optical systems and optical components have been used as equivalence to study corresponding quantum mechanics effects. For example, a passive parity-time (PT) grating has been reported by Zhu *et al.* [Appl. Phys. Lett. 109, 111101 (2016)]. In this example, we construct a passive PT grating following Zhu, and use the Fourier modal method (FMM) for investigation. Particularly, we show the asymmetric diffraction effect with selected grating structure parameters and the polarization of light.

Modeling Task

- input plane wave
- wavelength 1550nm
 - polarization TM or TE
 - incidence angle varying from -89° to 89°

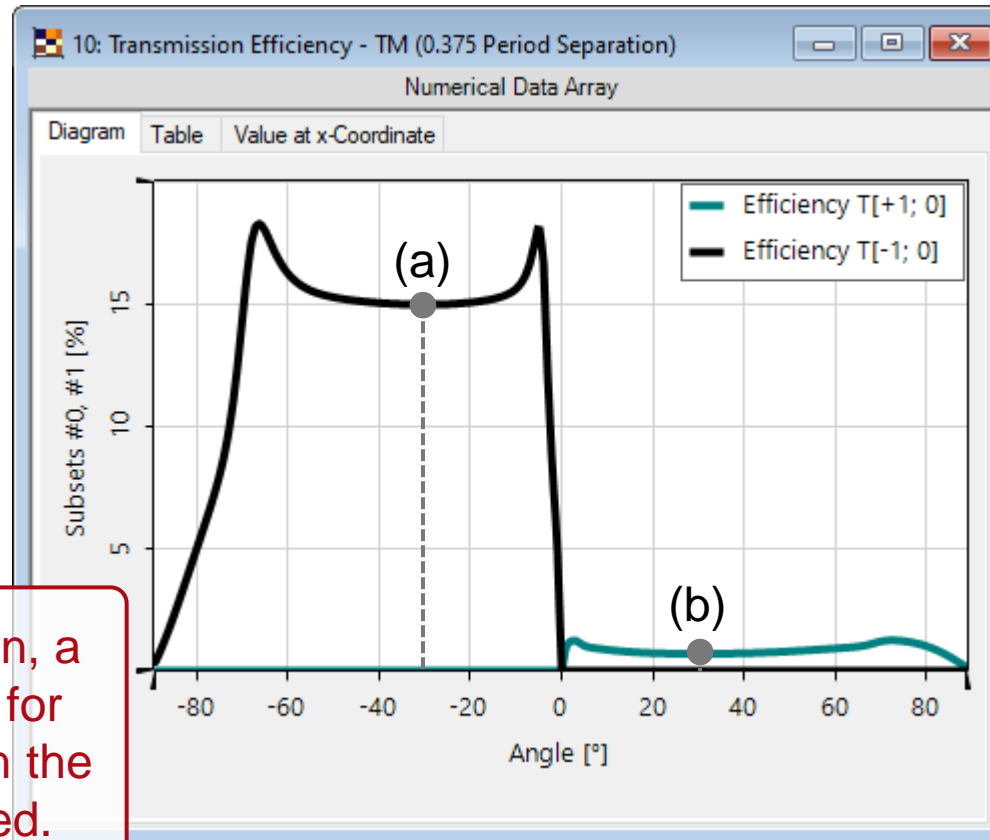
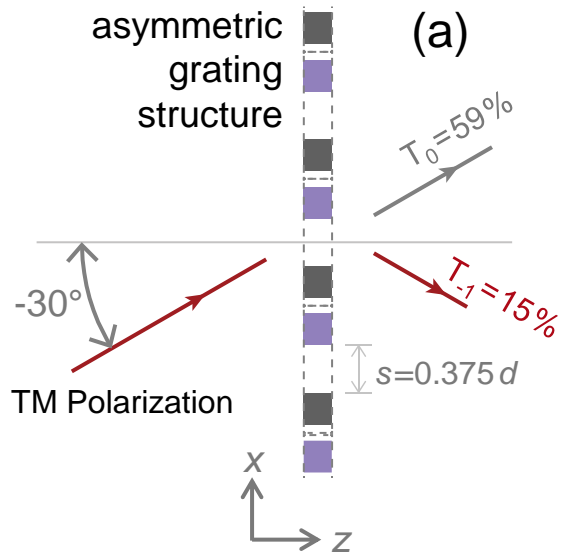


How does the diffraction property of the grating depends on the incidence angle, and the separation (s) between the grating stripes?

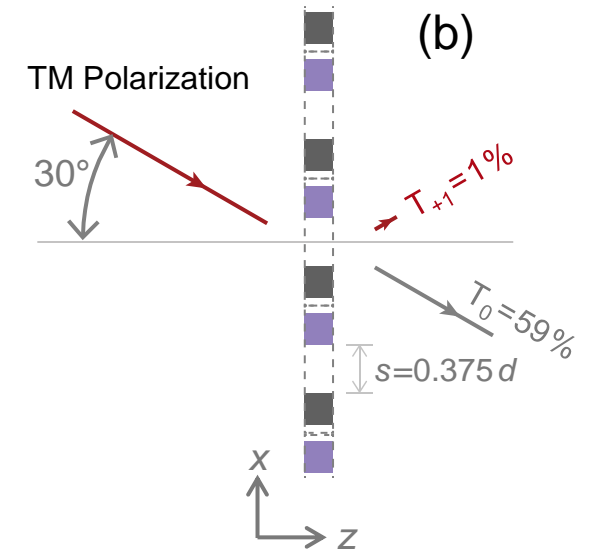
passive parity-time grating

- period $d=1550\text{nm}$
- materials $n_1=3.673$ (lossless), $n_2=1.45+2.03i$ (lossy)
- widths of stripes $d_1=d_2=0.25d$
- varying separation (s) between stripes

Stripe Separation ($s=0.375 d$) – TM Polarization



With proper stripe separation, a clear contrast can be seen for the diffraction behavior when the incidence direction is flipped.



Stripe Separation ($s=0.375d$) – TM Polarization

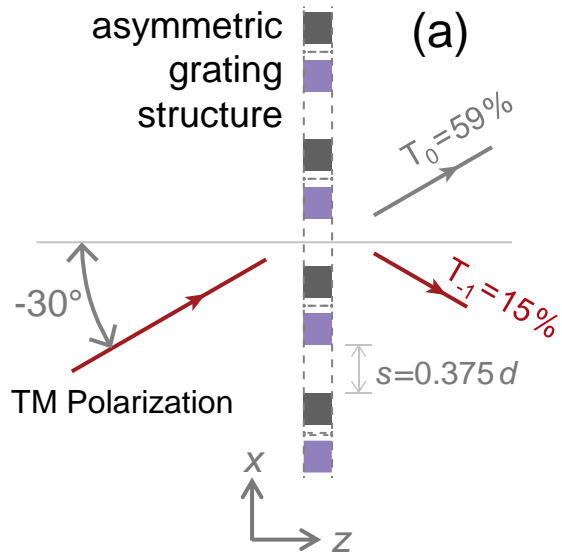
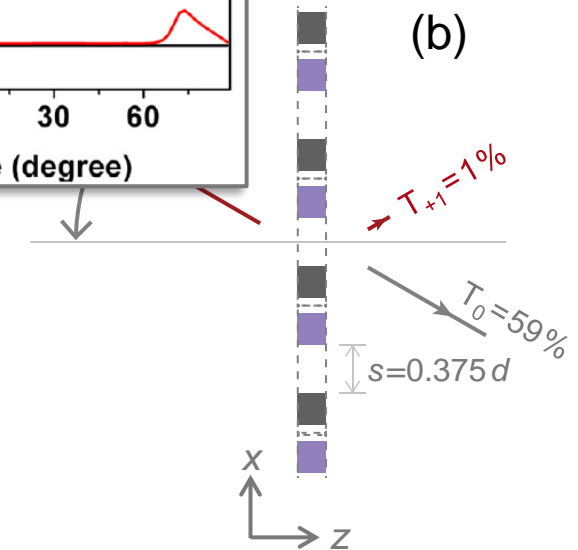
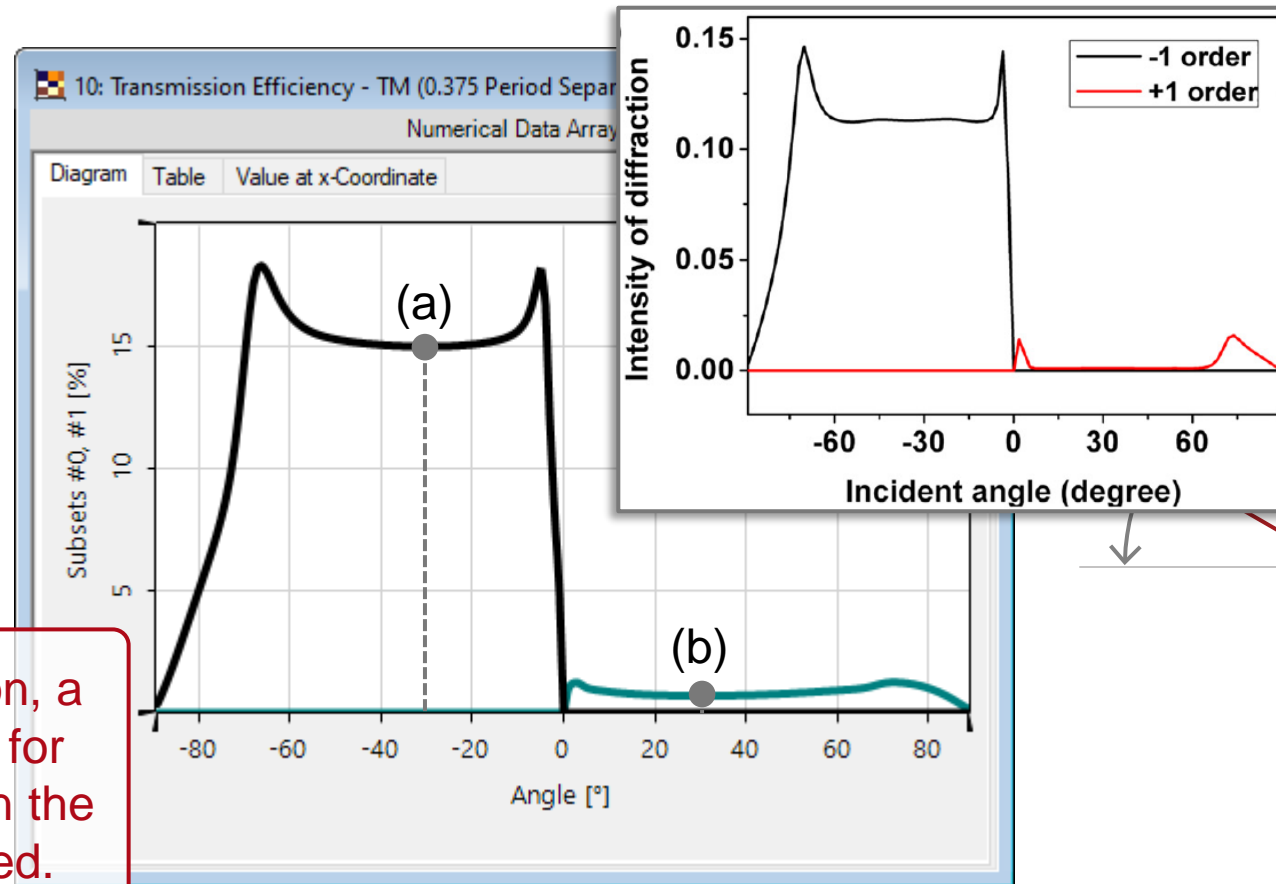
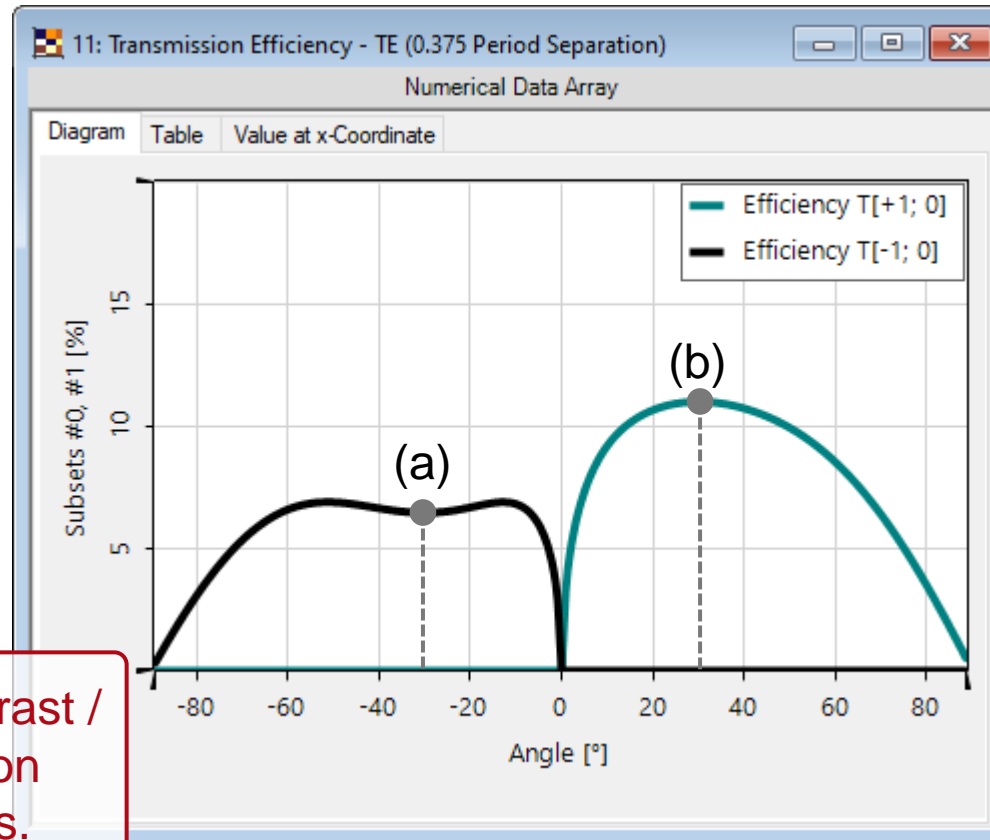
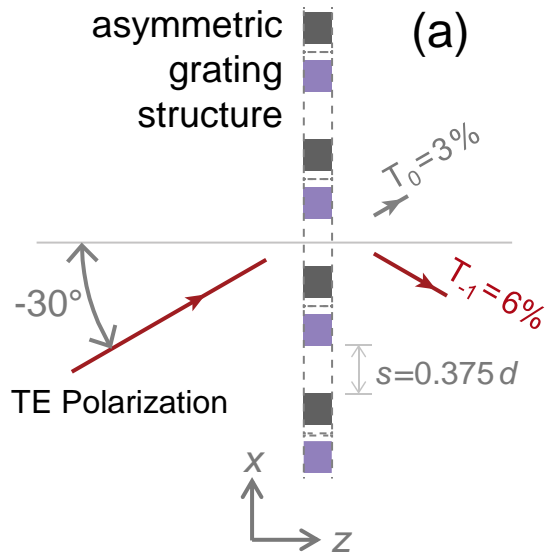


Fig.5(b) from X. Zhu, *et al.*,
Appl. Phys. Lett. 109, 111101 (2016)

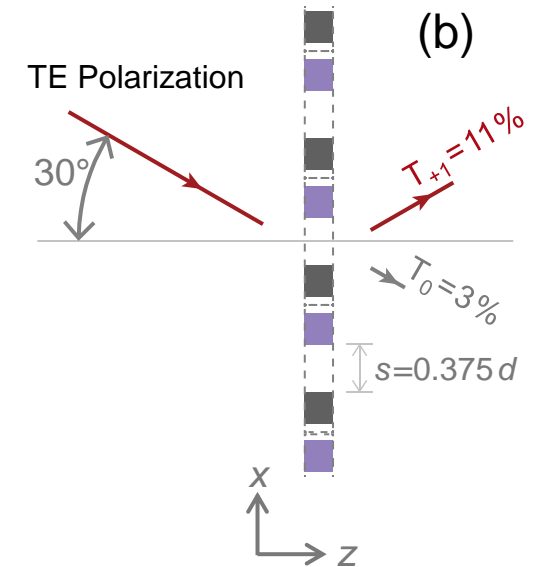


With proper stripe separation, a clear contrast can be seen for the diffraction behavior when the incidence direction is flipped.

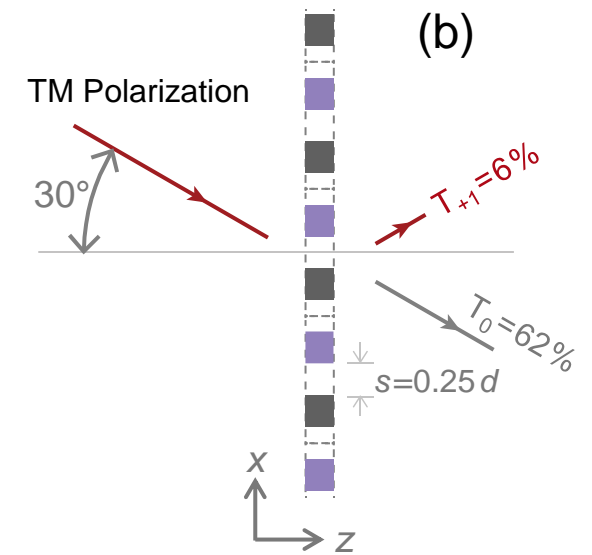
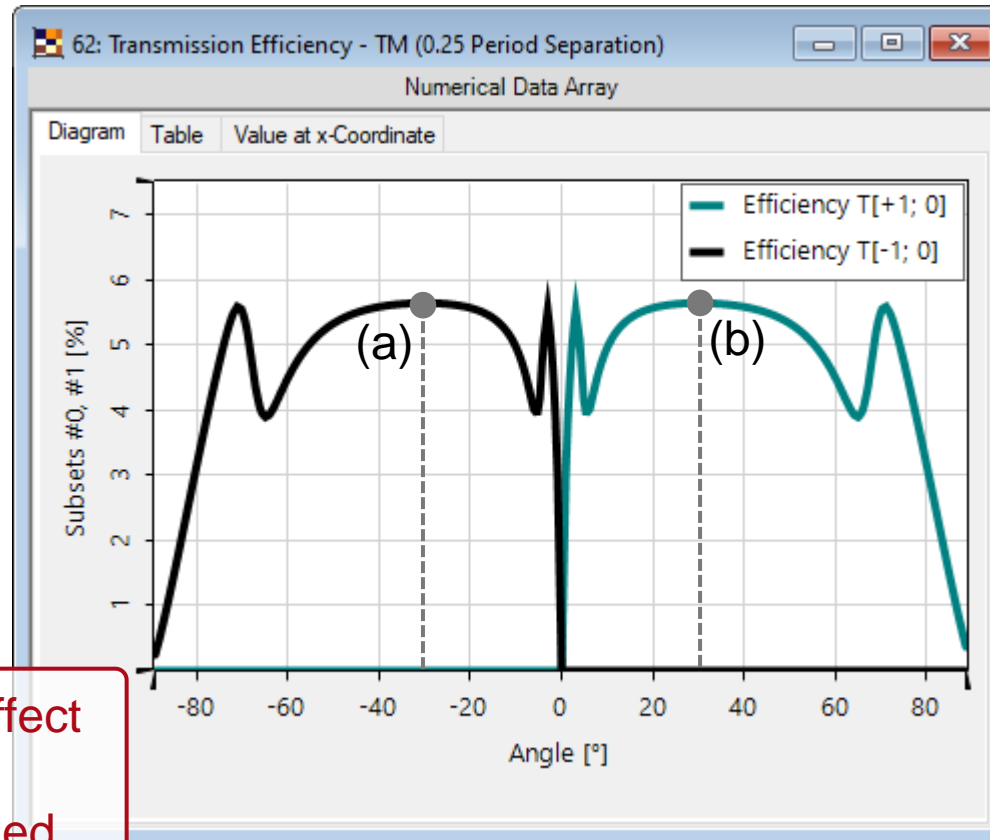
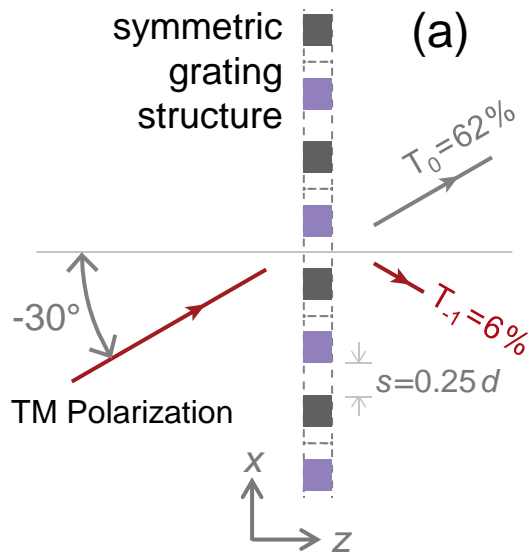
Stripe Separation ($s=0.375 d$) – TE Polarization



For TE polarization, the contrast / asymmetry of the diffraction effect is no longer obvious.

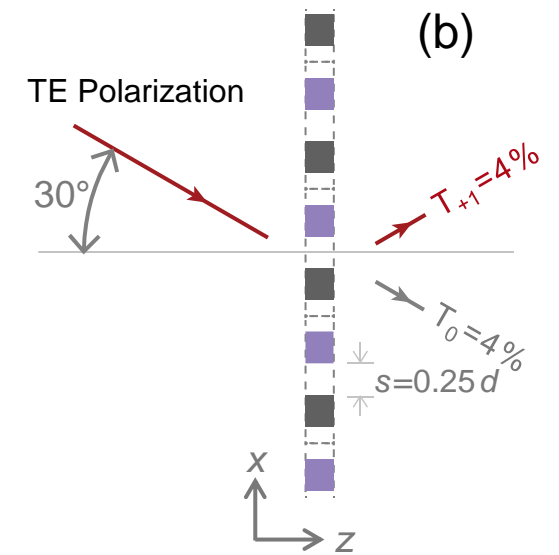
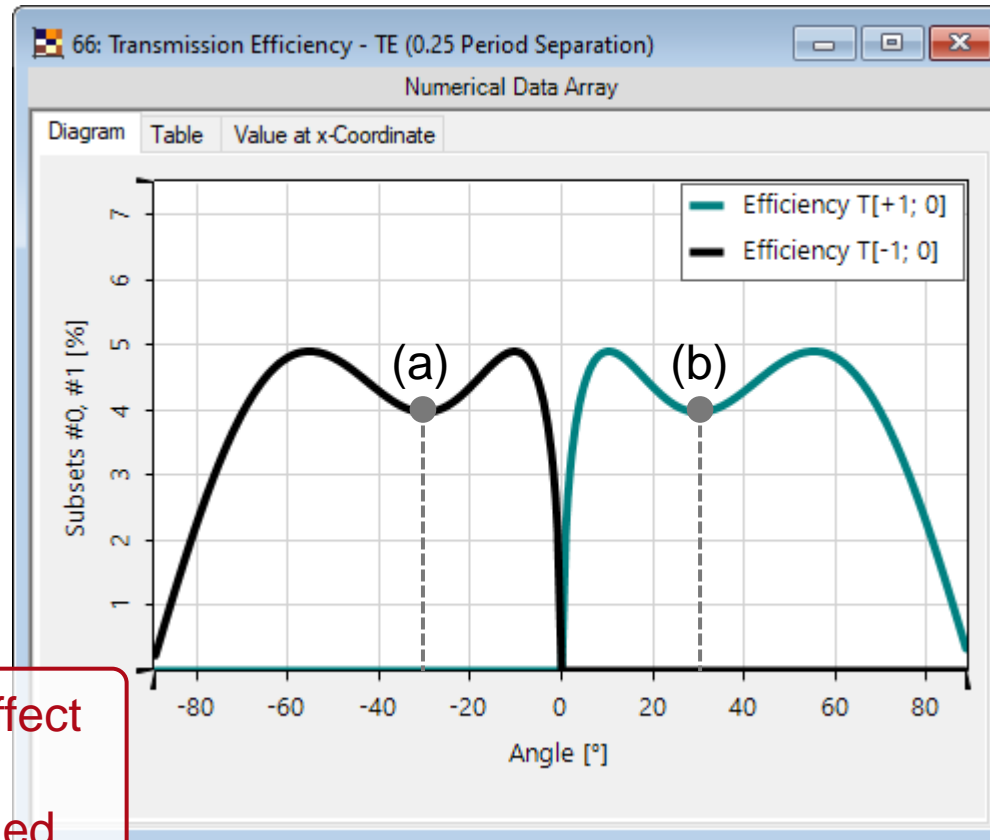
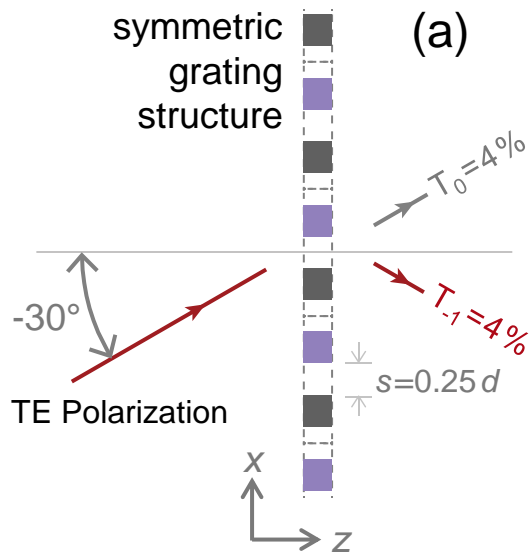


Stripe Separation ($s=0.25 d$) – TM Polarization



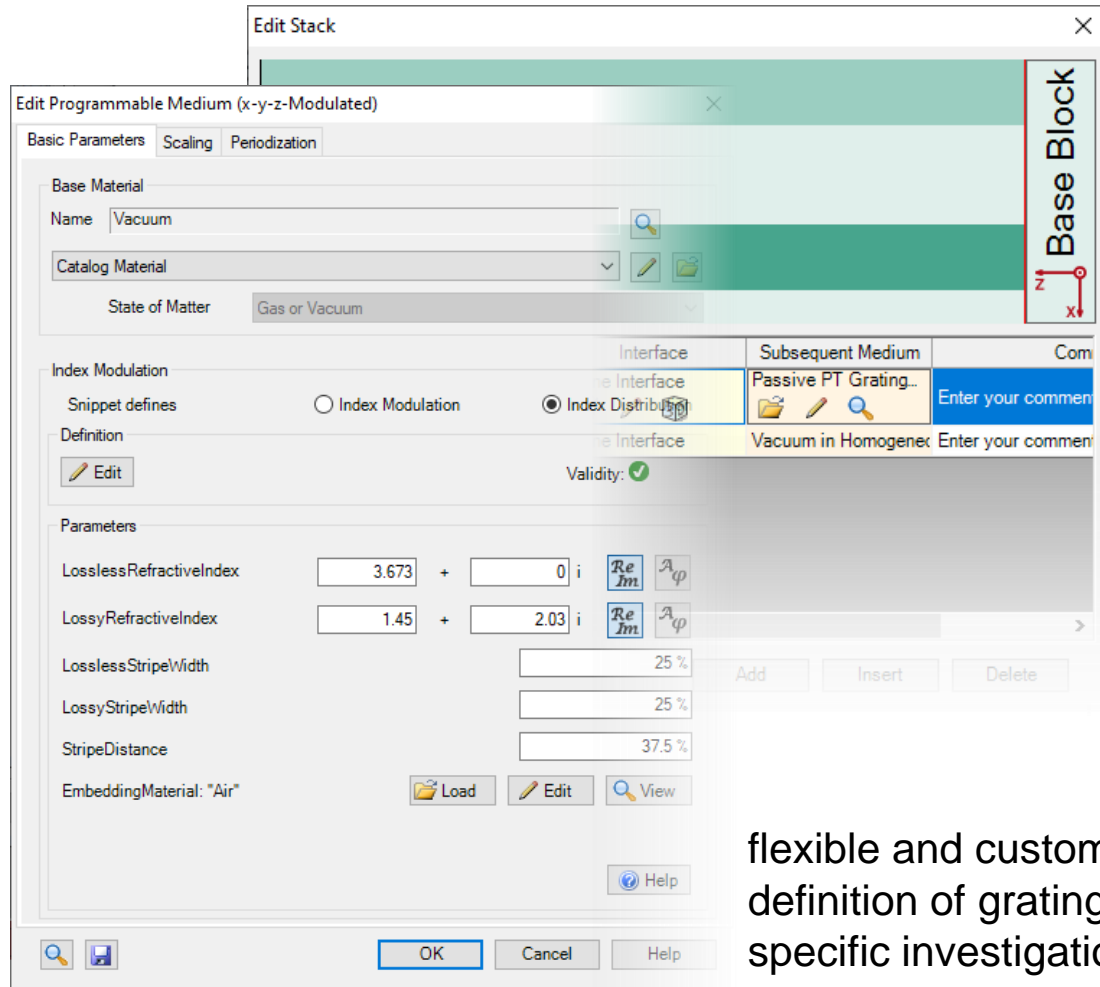
No asymmetric diffraction effect is seen when the stripe separation is evenly designed.

Stripe Separation ($s=0.25 d$) – TE Polarization



No asymmetric diffraction effect is seen when the stripe separation is evenly designed, regardless of polarization.

Peek into VirtualLab Fusion



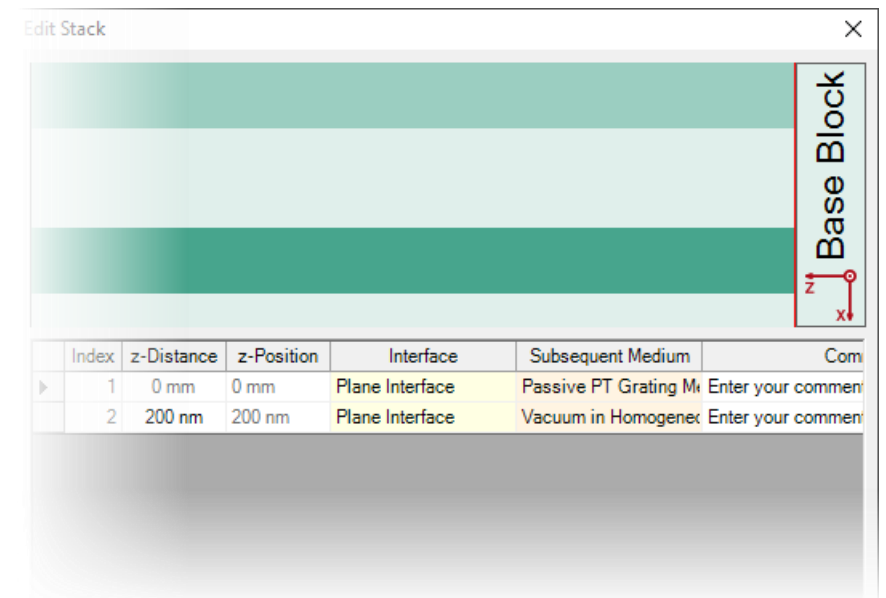
flexible and customizable
definition of gratings for
specific investigation

parameter scanning for
performance analysis

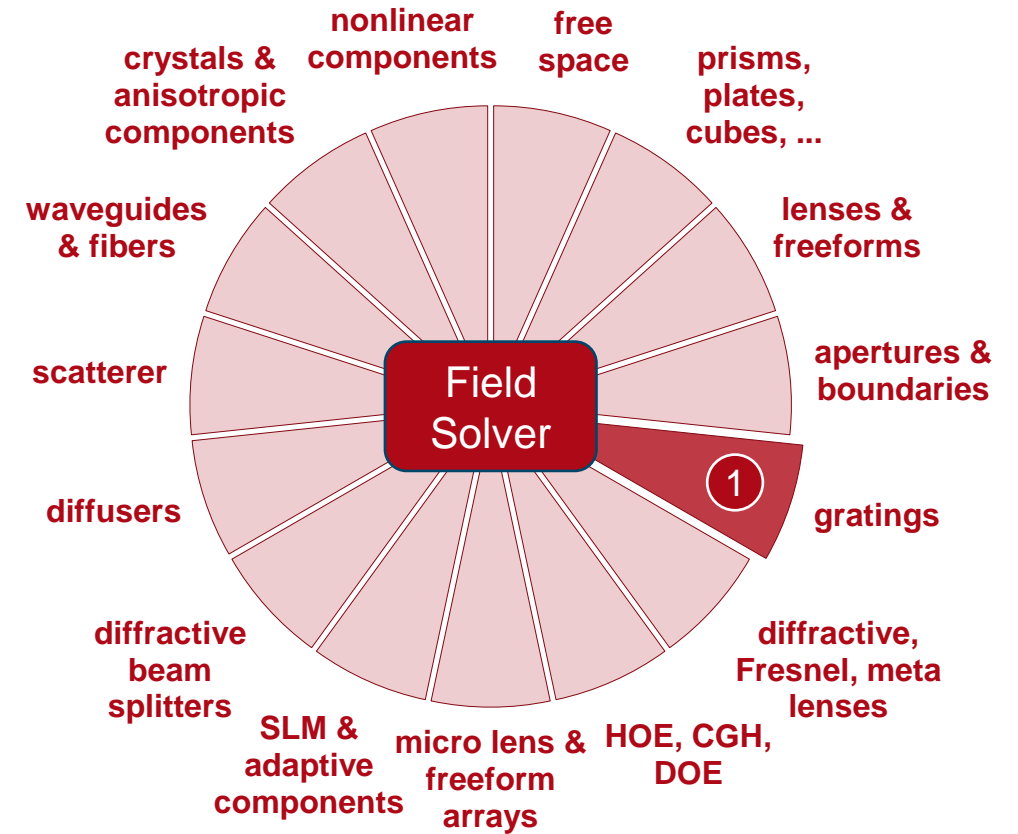
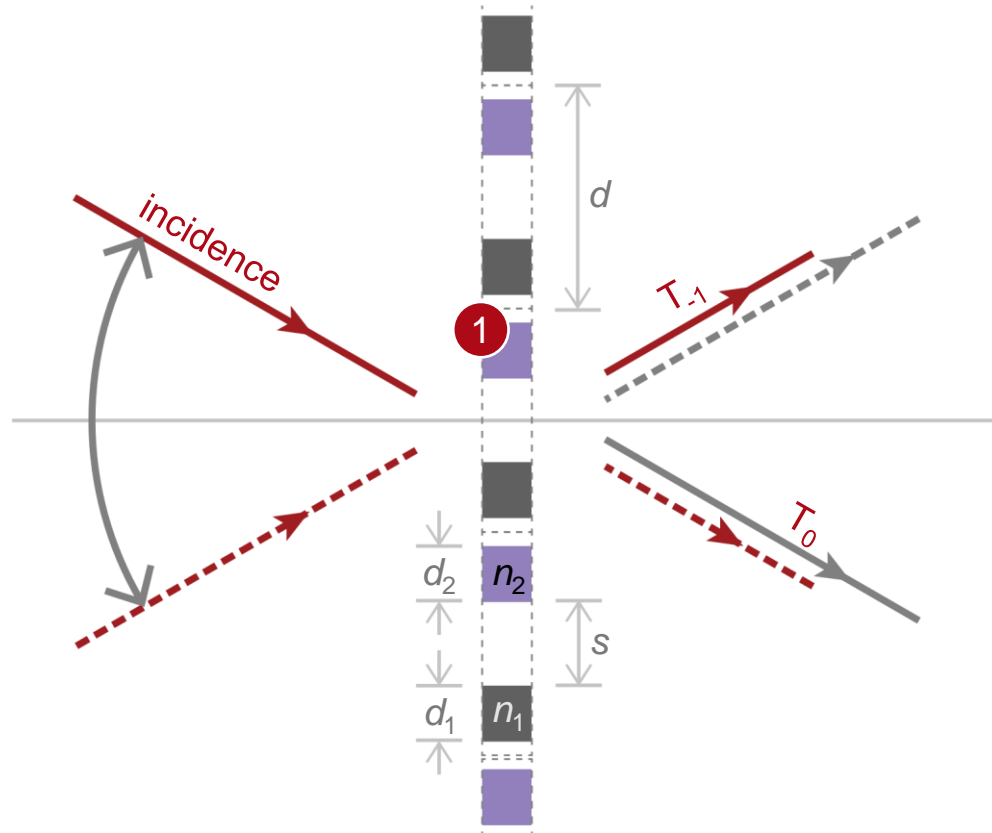
Subdetector	Combined Output	Iteration Step				
		175	176	177	178	179
Rotation #1 (about Y-Axis)...	Data Array	85°	86°	87°	88°	89°
Efficiency T[-1; 0]	Data Array	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %	0 %
Efficiency T[0; 0]	Data Array	3024 %	5.8287 %	3.4604 %	1.6179 %	0.42397 %
Efficiency T[+1; 0]	Data Array	3248 %	0.47169 %	0.35557 %	0.23636 %	0.11679 %

Workflow in VirtualLab Fusion

- Construct grating structure
 - [Configuration of Grating Structures by Using Special Media](#) [Use Case]
- Analyze grating diffraction efficiency
 - [Grating Order Analyzer](#) [Use Case]
- Check influence from different parameters with Parameter Run
 - [Usage of the Parameter Run Document](#) [Use Case]



VirtualLab Fusion Technologies



Document Information

title	Diffraction Property of a Passive Parity-Time Grating
document code	GRT.0018
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software version	2020.1 (Build 1.202)
category	Application Use Case
further reading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- <u>Ultra-Sparse Dielectric Nano-Wire Grid Polarizers</u>- <u>Rigorous Analysis of Nanopillar Metasurface Building Block</u>