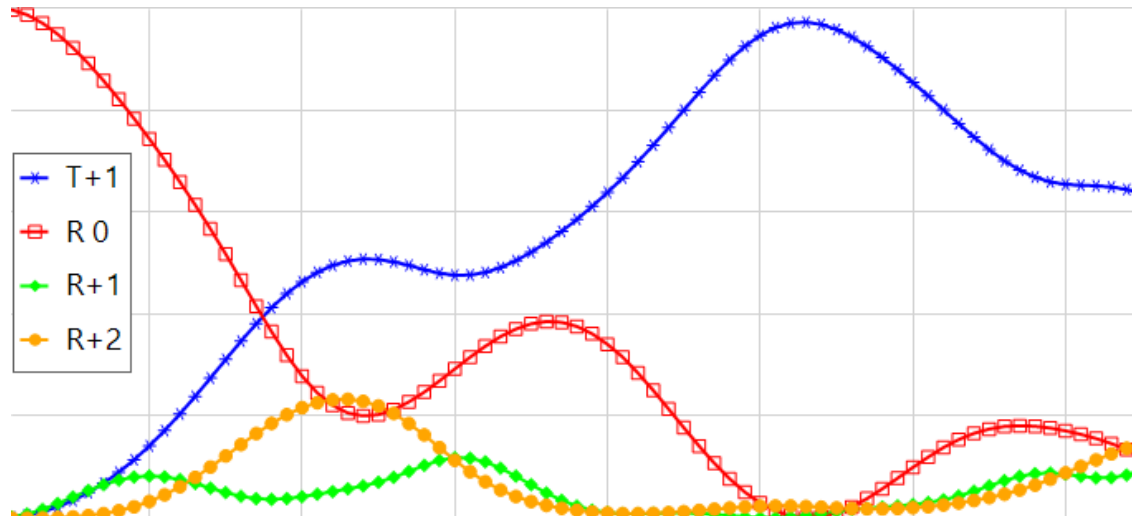


Analysis of Slanted Gratings for Lightguide Coupling

Abstract

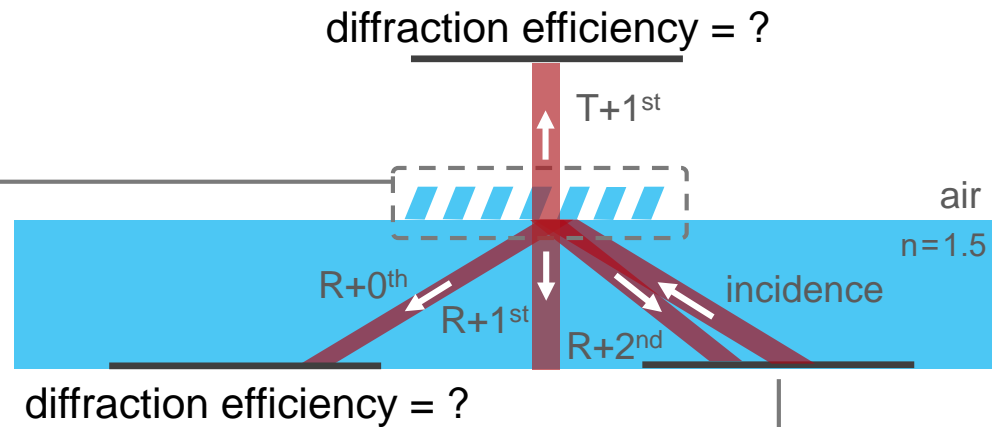


Slanted gratings are commonly used for coupling light into optical lightguides due to their high efficiency in a certain diffraction order. Nowadays, they are often applied in the augmented and mixed reality applications. It will be shown how VirtualLab Fusion can be used to analyze certain slanted grating geometries from literature, with specific parameters like slant angle, fill factor, and modulation depth. In addition, the effect of different incidence angles on the diffraction efficiency is investigated.

Modeling Task

How to calculate the diffraction efficiencies of the coupling grating, with varying grating parameters?

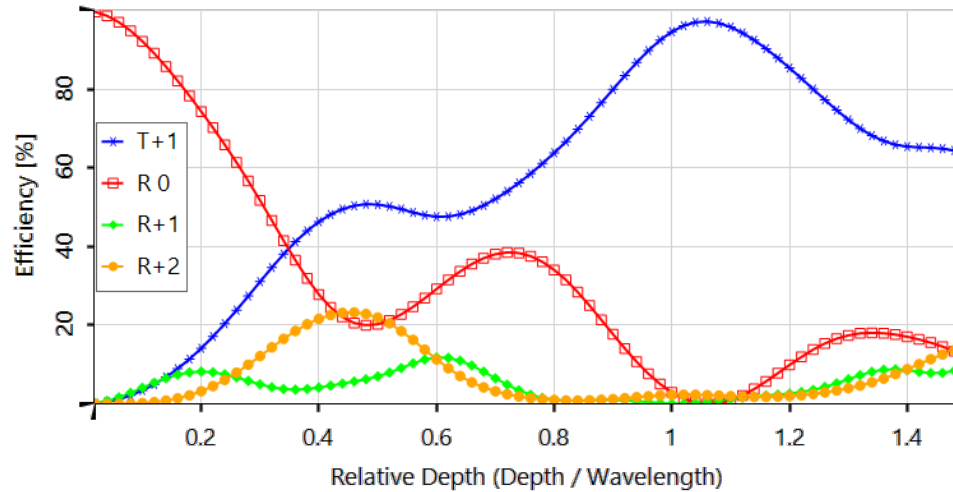
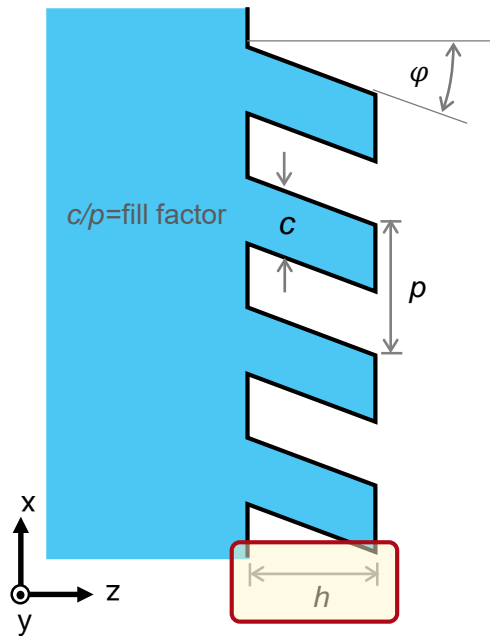
- to be varied
- **slanted grating**
 - period: 596.92nm
 - relative depth
 - fill factor
 - slant angle



input plane wave

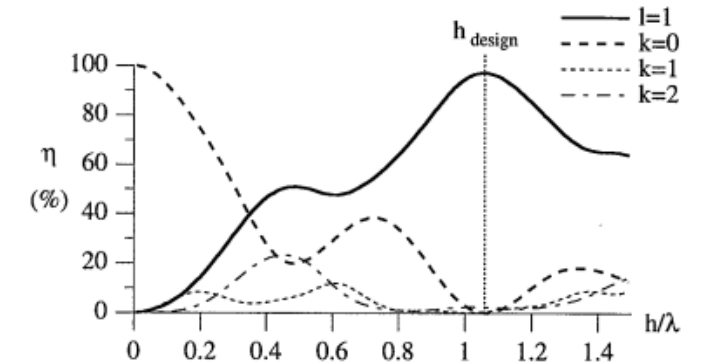
- wavelength: 633nm
- angle of incidence: -45°
- TE polarized

Diffraction Efficiency vs. Relative Depth



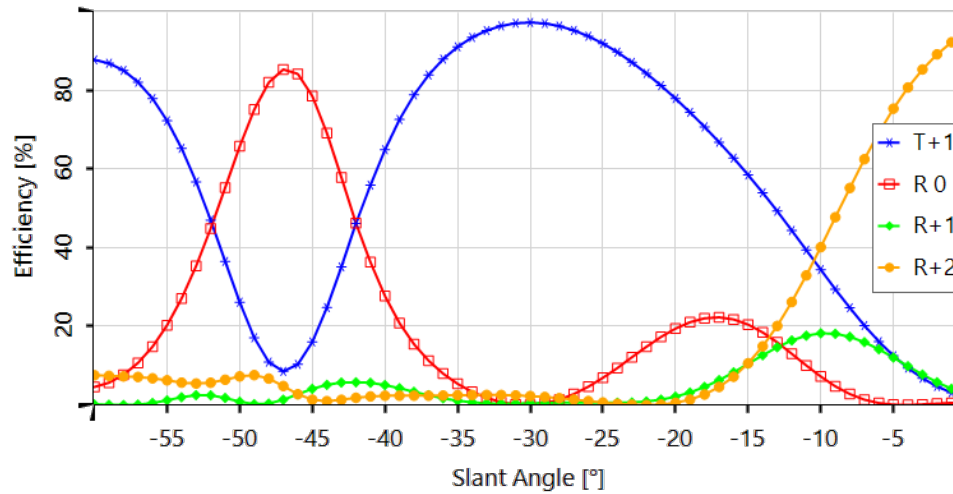
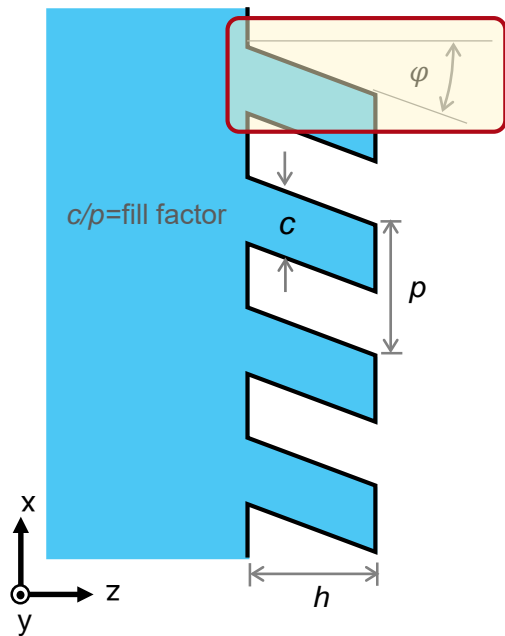
simulation by Fourier modal method (FMM), also known as RCWA, in VirtualLab Fusion

Grating Parameter	Value & Unit
relative depth	to be varied
slant angle φ	-30°
fill factor c/p	50%



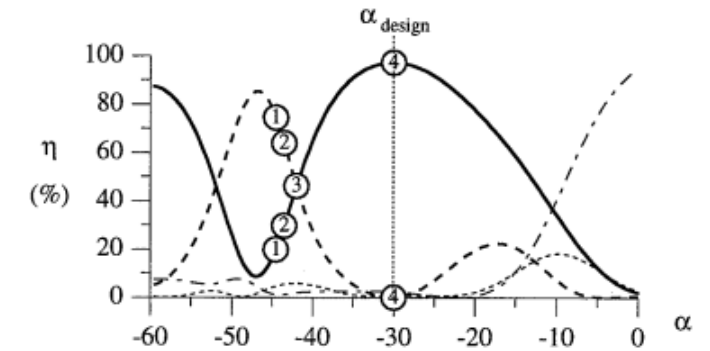
Reference: J. Michael Miller, Nicole de Beaucoudrey, Pierre Chavel, Jari Turunen, and Edmond Cambril, "Design and fabrication of binary slanted surface-relief gratings for a planar optical interconnection," Appl. Opt. 36, 5717-5727 (1997)

Diffraction Efficiency vs. Slant Angle



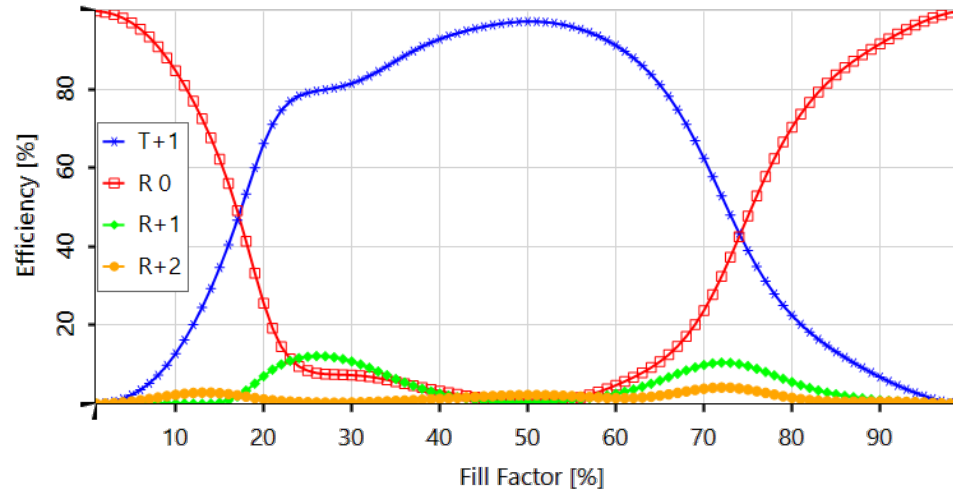
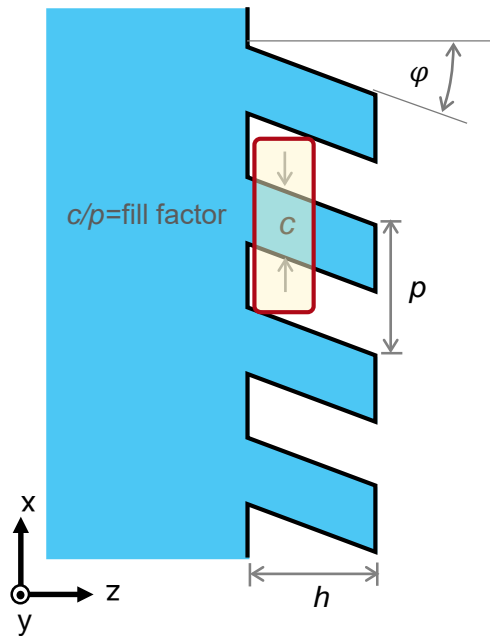
simulation by Fourier modal method (FMM), also known as RCWA, in VirtualLab Fusion

Grating Parameter	Value & Unit
relative depth	1.058λ
slant angle φ	to be varied
fill factor c/p	50%



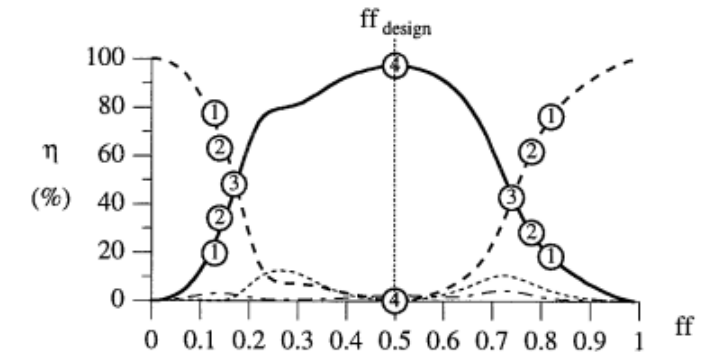
Reference: J. Michael Miller, Nicole de Beaucoudrey, Pierre Chavel, Jari Turunen, and Edmond Cambril, "Design and fabrication of binary slanted surface-relief gratings for a planar optical interconnection," Appl. Opt. 36, 5717-5727 (1997)

Diffraction Efficiency vs. Fill Factor



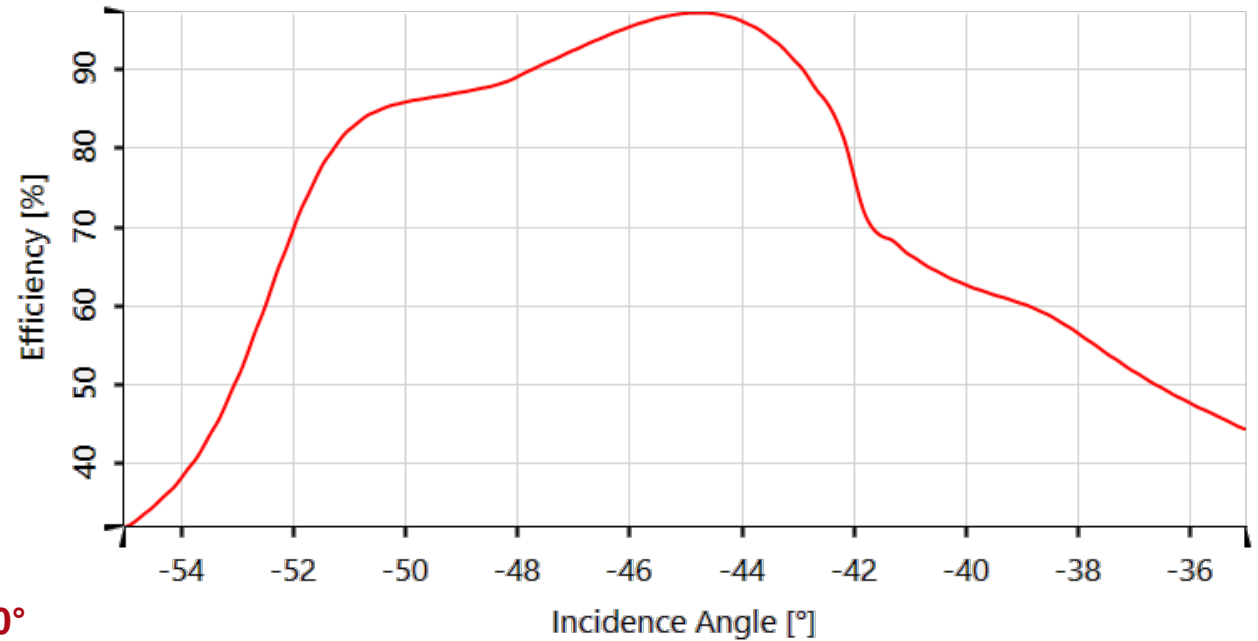
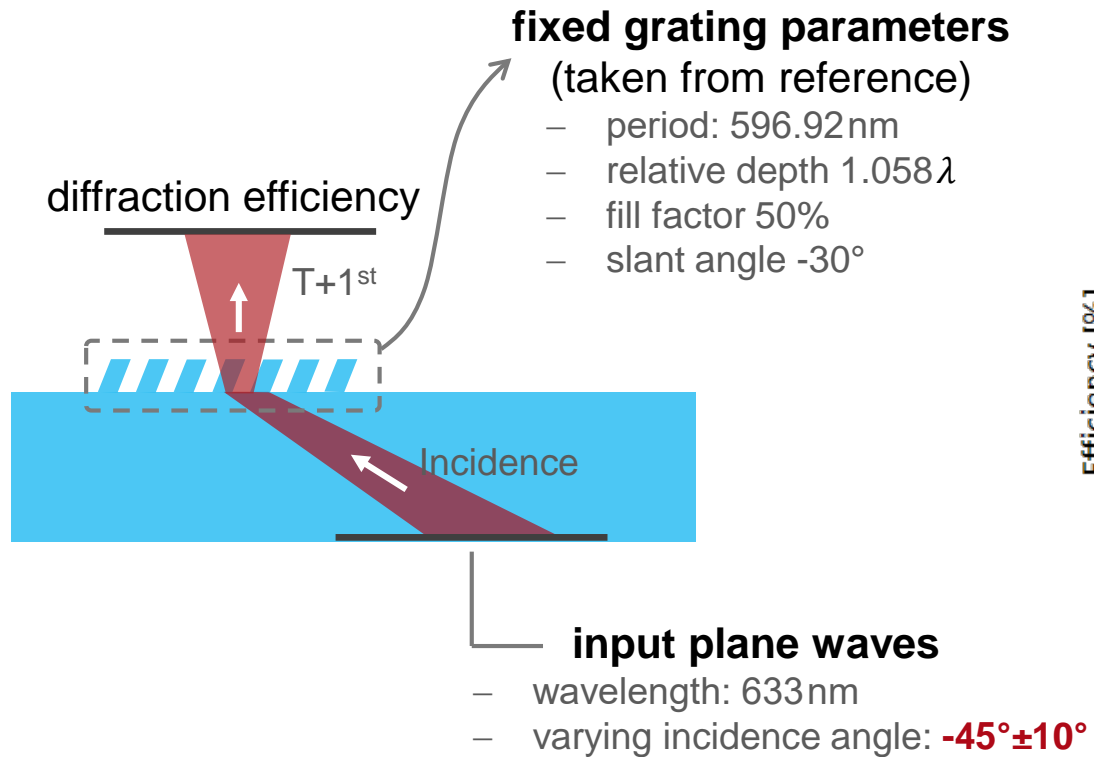
simulation by Fourier modal method (FMM), also known as RCWA, in VirtualLab Fusion

Grating Parameter	Value & Unit
relative depth	1.058λ
slant angle φ	-30°
fill factor c/p	to be varied



Reference: J. Michael Miller, Nicole de Beaucoudrey, Pierre Chavel, Jari Turunen, and Edmond Cambril, "Design and fabrication of binary slanted surface-relief gratings for a planar optical interconnection," Appl. Opt. 36, 5717-5727 (1997).

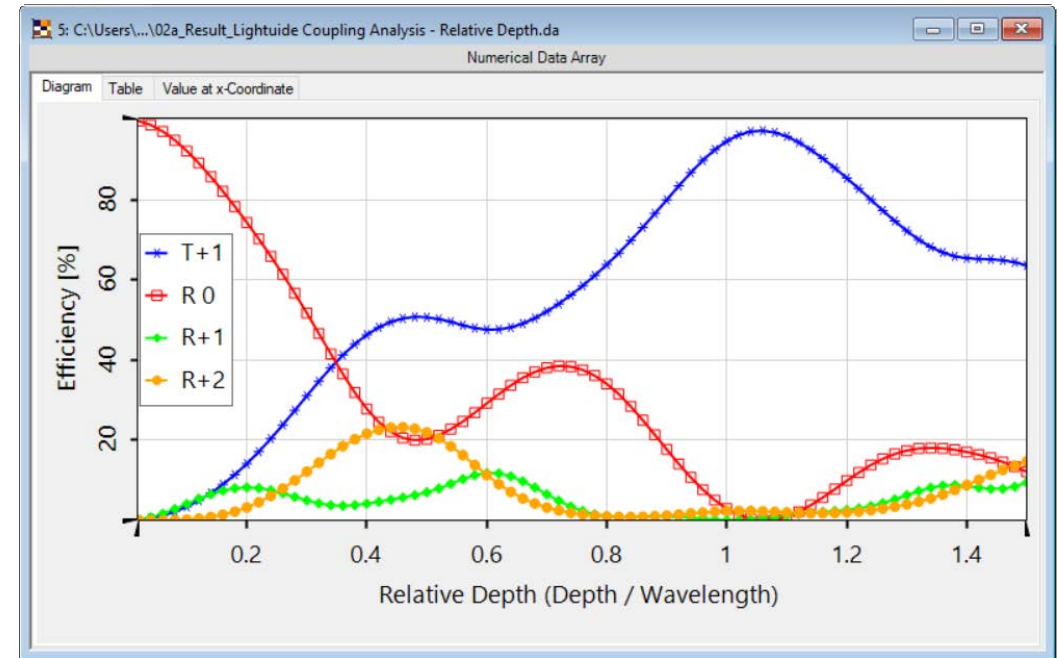
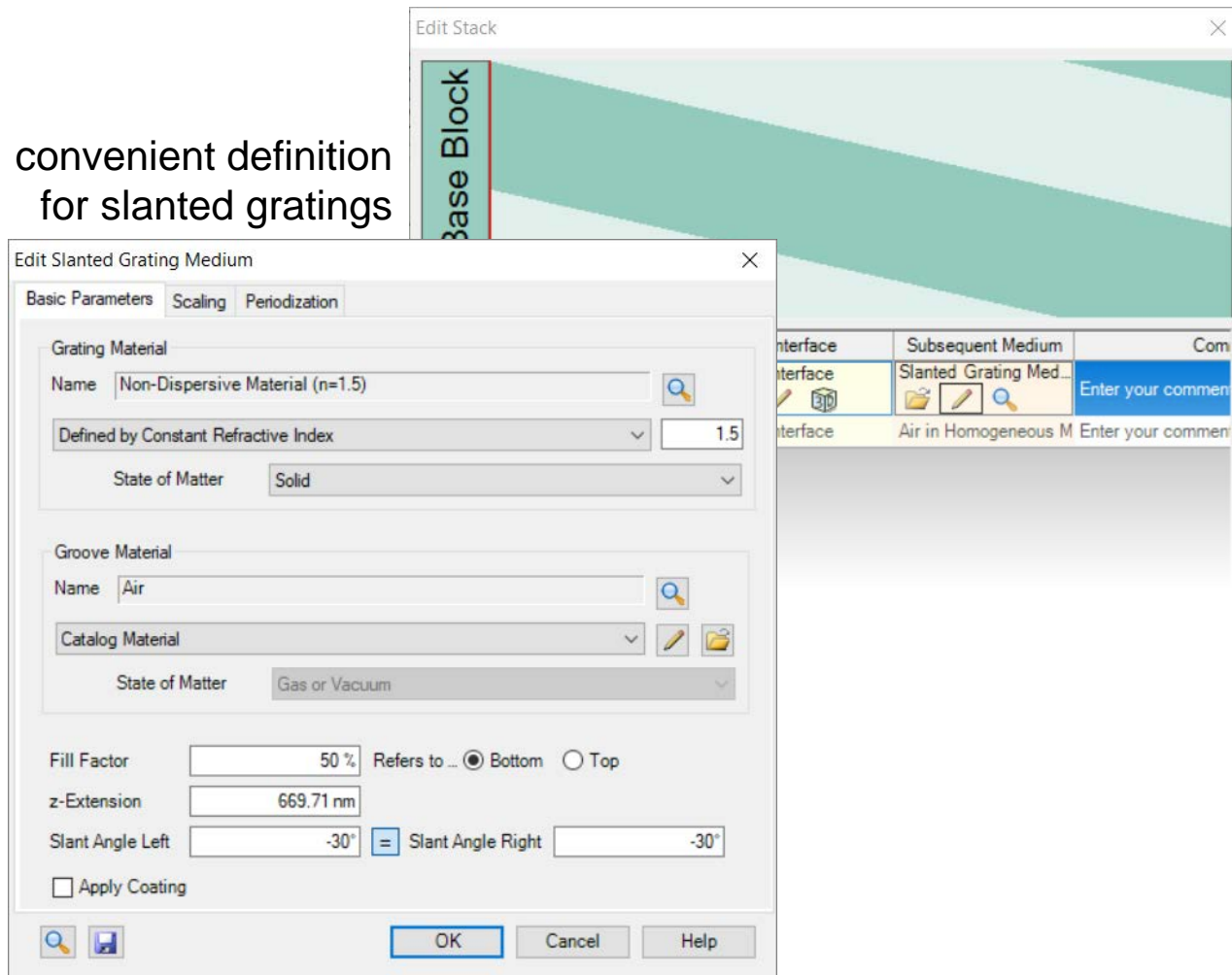
Diffraction Efficiency vs. Varying Incidence Angle



Grating diffraction efficiency is usually sensitive to the angle of incidence.

Peek into VirtualLab Fusion

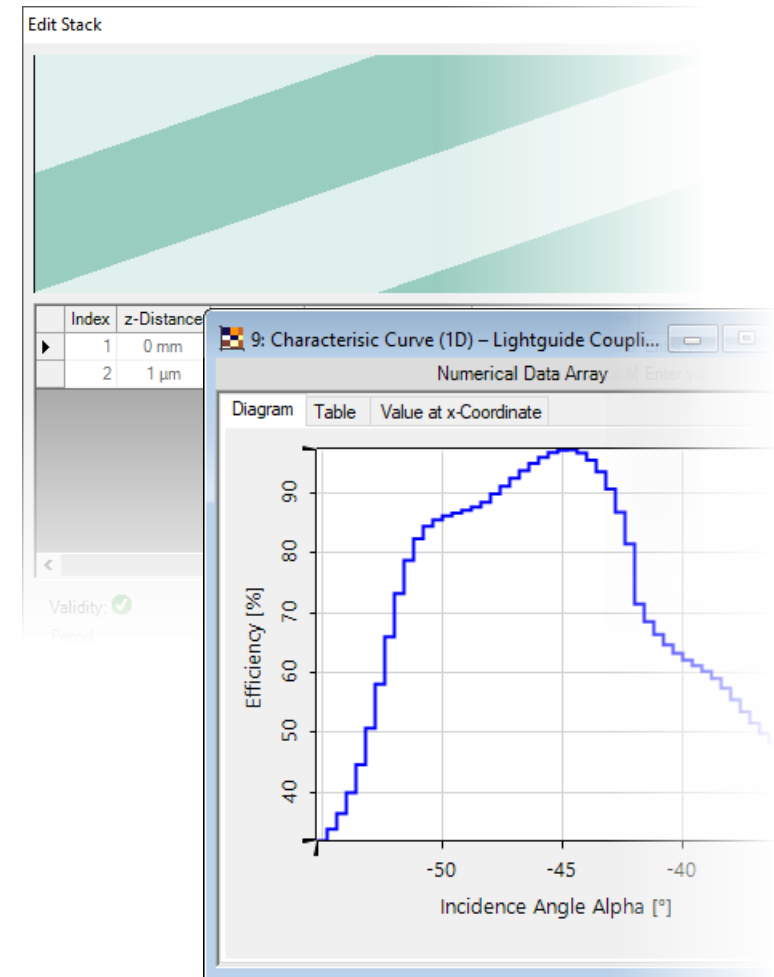
convenient definition
for slanted gratings



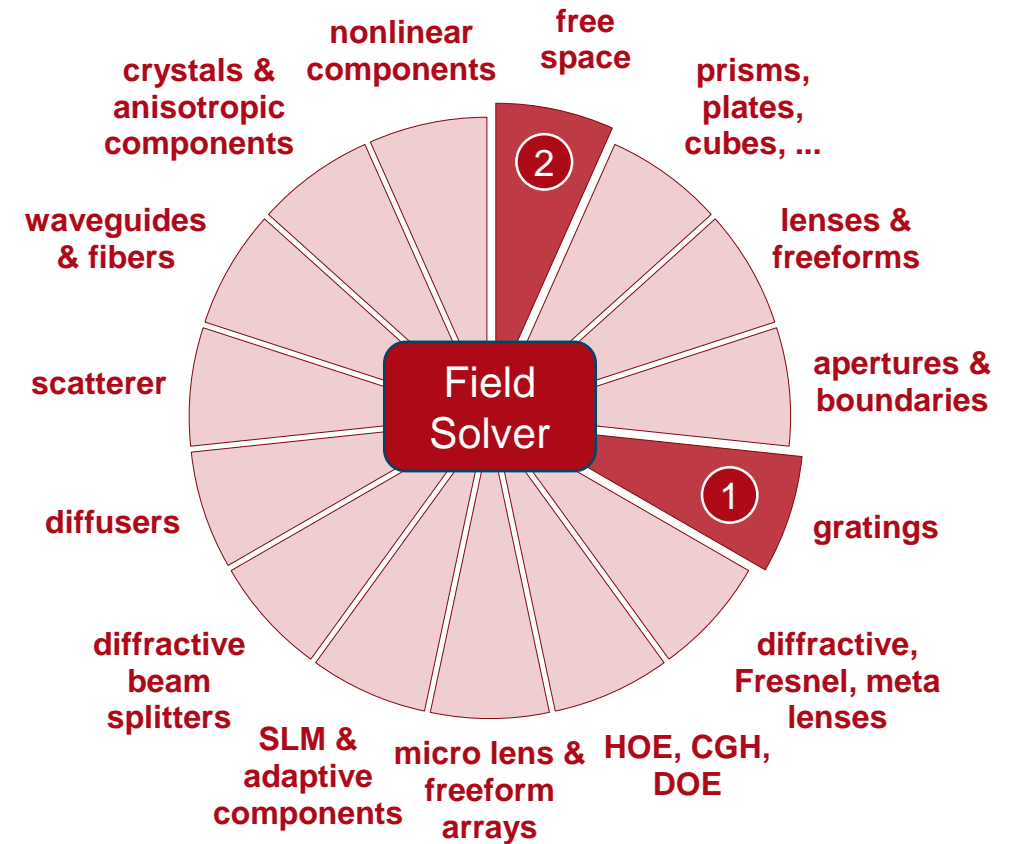
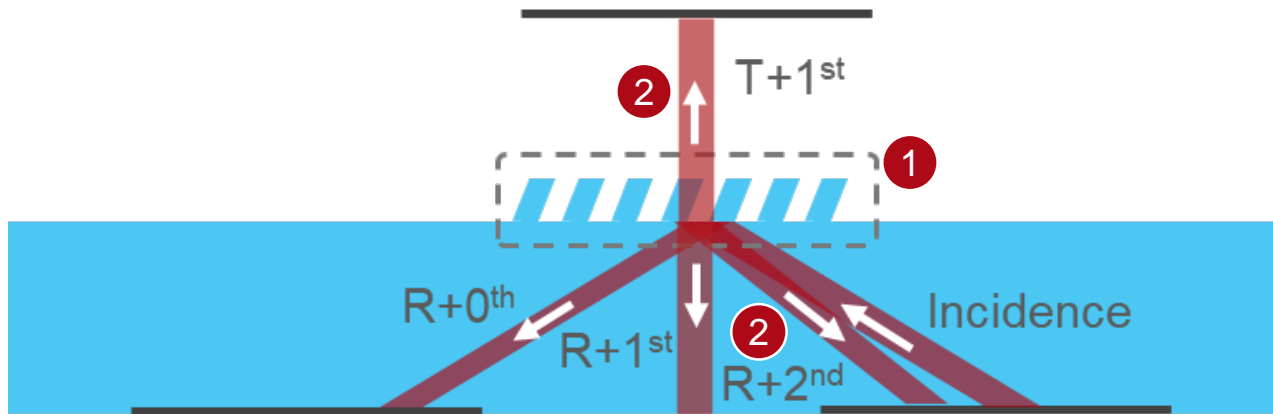
rigorous diffraction efficiency calculation and visualization

Workflow in VirtualLab Fusion

- Configuration of lightguide coupling grating structure
 - [Advanced Configuration of Slanted Grating](#) [Use Case]
 - [Configuration of Grating Structures by Using Special Media](#) [Use Case]
 - [Configuration of Grating Structures by Using Interfaces](#) [Use Case]
- Analyze coupling grating diffraction efficiency
 - [Customized Detector for Lightguide Coupling Grating Evaluation](#) [Use Case]
- Check efficiency by scanning over specific parameter



VirtualLab Fusion Technologies



Document Information

title	Analysis of Slanted Gratings for Lightguide Coupling
document code	LGC.0001
version	1.0
toolbox(es)	Starter Toolbox, Grating Toolbox
VL version used for simulations	7.4.0.49
category	Application Use Case
further reading	- <u>Customized Detector for Lightguide Coupling Grating Evaluation</u>